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THE WEEKLY GAZETTE
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FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

TOPICS AT THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CASE AGAINST SECRETARY STANTON.

The New York *Herald's* special says: The case of Smithson against Stanton, on a charge of false imprisonment, if it can be brought to the test of an argument, promises to solve many of the doubts which surround the question as to the extent to which an official of the Government has the power to seize the persons and property of individuals without due process of law. Messrs. Hughes, Denver and Peck have the case in hand, and in March last made a motion in the District Court to require the defendant to furnish the originals of certain letters, papers and proceedings of the Court Martial. Mr. Stanton, notwithstanding the readiness of his Attorney to comply, has thus far obstinately refused the request to allow the originals to be seen, though copies are freely offered. The attorneys for the plaintiff, however, are not willing to receive these, as they wish to discover the authenticity, particularly of the treasonable letters alleged to have been written, under the assumed name of Cables, by Smithson. These letters, as they appear in the pleas of defendant, contain information respecting the numbers and movements of the garrison in and about Washington in the first year of the rebellion. Upon this ground Smithson was arrested and confined in Fort Lafayette. After some time he was released, and after that was again arrested and tried by Military Court and sentenced to five years' imprisonment at Albany. After a brief confinement he was again set at liberty by a motion from Judge Fitzpatrick. During these occurrences it is said that a Government detective, upon alleged authority from the Secretary of War, turned his wife and children into the Smithson out of their house, which was occupied by officers of the Government. The case has thus far been postponed out of courtesy to the opposite counsel, but the attorneys for the plaintiff have now determined to press their motion for oyer and inspection, and upon receiving an order of the Court to the effect, will proceed at once to argue the merits of the case, or, in event of a continued refusal without giving sufficient legal reasons to produce the desired originals before, will make a rule for the justification set up by the defence and ask for an order for contempt of court against Mr. Stanton.

SHERMAN'S BILL TO TAX BONDS.

The *Tribune's* special says: What street is in a tremor over Senator Sherman's bill, and communications by the score have been sent to members of Congress protesting against the clause providing for the taxation of bonds, and equally so to Sherman's bill in general. From a canvass of the House, however, it may be positively stated that a majority are in favor of that section of the bill, although the law says that they shall not be subject to State or municipal taxation, the statute to where provides that they shall not be liable to any Congress, if deemed advisable. There is a very strong disposition to subject them to taxation now, and before the final adjournment of the present session a legal place a bill effecting that purpose will undoubtedly be passed.

THE WORD "WHITE."

There is considerable discussion on the District suffrage bill, striking the word "white" from the laws of the District of Columbia, and allowing negroes to sit on juries, which was passed some days ago, but which had not been sent to Congress by the President within the time specified by the law. The adjournment having taken place before the expiration, the President and his friends claim that the law is now virtually dead, and that Congress will have to re-pass the measure if they wish to put it on the statute book. But this is a mistake, as according to the provisions of the law, it will not have expired until Tuesday, January 7th, 1868. The interval is only a recess of Congress, and not an adjournment.

Another correspondent says:

Should a majority of Congress adhere to the position taken by many since recess concerning the status of the city, striking the word "white" out of the laws of the District of Columbia, a conflict between the President and the two Houses is inevitable. Several members of the House, among them Speaker Colfax, assert that the bill has become a law by the failure of the President to veto it after the expiration of ten days. When the Constitution speaks of adjournment, these men argue it does contemplate a recess of the Senate and House, and therefore the veto power is not applicable in the present case. President Johnson takes the opposite view. He holds that Congress will have to pass the bill again and give him a fresh opportunity to veto it, because they did not remain in session long enough to allow him to send in his veto. He says that Congressmen have put a false construction on the constitutional clause in regard to the veto power, and he will not accept it as far as his action is concerned.

SANDWICH ISLANDS TREATY.

The strongest and best arguments urged in favor of the ratification of the reciprocity treaty with the Sandwich Islands is, that while the United States would lose $150,000 a year in sugar revenue, she would secure to herself the freedom of the Islands, their use for all practicable purposes, populate them with Americans, and have a fair pretext for resisting their occupation by England or France as an appendage of those crowns.

BOUNTY CLAIMS.

The *Times* special says: The House Special Committee, to inquire into the cause of delay in settling additional bounty claims, find that the total number of claims filed in the Department is, 1867, was 412,000; of these 273,000 remain unsettled. The delay arises in great part from the lack of force employed, and the Committee report that all has been done which could be expected of a force so much reduced. It is very evident from the report that the work of retrenchment is somewhat overdone. There has been pushed to a point where the public business is suffering by it, and especially the interests of nearly three hundred thousand soldiers. The Committee will recommend a bill authorizing the employment of an additional force, and to pay duplicate checks upon evidence of the loss of the original.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Captain Emmons, of the United States steamer Ossipee, writes to the Navy Department, from British Columbia, concerning the condition of affairs in that colony, and also of the coal and fishing trades, which are gradually increasing in size and importance. The chief feature of information communicated by Captain Emmons is the discontented state of the people in British Columbia. Large numbers are making strenuous efforts to have the colony annexed to the United States, and a movement in this direction has received fresh impetus of late, by the blundering and mismanagement of officials sent out to take charge of affairs by the British Government. Memorials are being circulated through the colony praying the home government that the colony may be allowed to dissever their connection with it, and put themselves under the protection of the United States.

A CLAIM AGAINST RUSSIA.

A claim of private parties against the Russian Government, for five hundred thousand dollars, has been presented in such a way to the House Committee on Foreign Affairs as to cause considerable perplexity among its members, and great annoyance to Mr. Seward, who is severely blamed for making no provision in the late treaty to protect the rights of American citizens, although he was not only aware of the existence of these claims, but had given the Russian Government, though Mr. Clay, to understand that the State Department considered them just. The facts are as follows: Toward the close of the Crimean war W. B. Perkins, of Massachusetts, made a contract with the Russian Government for one hundred and fifty-four tons of American service powder, and thirty-five thousand stand of rifles, the price agreed upon being a half million of dollars. The first contract was made by Mr. Bodisco, Russian Minister, in person. The contract for arms was made by his advice, through a Russian ordnance officer, sent out by his government for the purpose. The powder and arms were inspected, and the powder loaded on ship board, according to agreement. At this time the war closed, and the Russian authorities refused to take the material or to pay for it. The matter was soon brought to the notice of the State Department, and Mr. Seward at once wrote a long letter supporting the claim. The matter is being strongly urged upon the attention of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, with a view to secure the withdrawal of five hundred thousand dollars in the appropriation for Alaska. If ignored by the Committee, the matter will be fully discussed in the House. Mr. Seward letter [illegible] at this turn of affairs, and is doing all in his power to have the questions considered separately from that of payment for Alaska.

WORTHY OF COMMENT.

There has been considerable commotion in Radical circles over the action of the Virginia Convention in declining to ask for continuing the Freedmen's Bureau, the resolution not having commanded even the whole colored vote.

THE FENIANS.

Representatives of the Fenian interest are urging the State Department and the President to recommend Congress to demand that reparation shall be made by the British Government for the imprisonment of American citizens in England.

NO BACKWARD STEP.

A letter from Schuyler Colfax, dated December 2d, to Thomas W. Conway, of New Orleans, is published, in which he says: "You need not fear that Congress will take any backward steps in reconstruction."

CASHIER RESIGNED.

A. W. Wyman, Assistant Cashier in the United States Treasury, resigned, to take effect the 1st of July next. He goes into the banking business at Omaha.

THE WHISKEY MEN

are reported to have become alarmed at the exposure of their movements.

SECOND EDITION.

THREE O'CLOCK A. M.

FROM EUROPE.

Fenian Excitement Subsiding.

Condition of the Irish Considered.

Action by Parliament Suggested.

London Police Force Largely Increased.

Examination of Clerkenwell Offenders.

Pope on Garibaldi's Defeat.

Rome Again to be Declared the Capital of Italy.

Resignation of the Italian Cabinet.

Abrogation of the September Convention.

Interest of Debt on Church States.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

FENIANISM—FEELING SUBSIDING.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—Fenianism still engrosses a share of public attention, though the excitement caused by the recent outrage has pretty much died out.

AMELIORATION OF THE CONDITION OF THE IRISH.

There is a wide spread and increasing feeling favorable to the amelioration of the condition of the Irish, as the most effective means of suppressing Feniansim.

The *Times* strongly favors this idea, and hopes and believes the next session of Parliament will be occupied with the consideration of Irish affairs.

POLICE OF LONDON INCREASED—CLERKENWELL OFFENDERS.

LONDON, Dec. 23—*Evening.*—The regular police force of the metropolis has been largely increased.

Timothy Desmond and Jerry Allen, the alleged perpetrators of the Clerkenwell explosion, were brought before a magistrate to-day and underwent a preliminary examination, at the close of which they were remanded to jail.

ITALY.

CONGRATULATION UPON GARIBALDI'S DEFEAT.

ROME, December 23.—The Pope in an allocution congratulated his hearers on the defeat of Garibaldi and the preservation of the Holy See from great danger.

ROME THE CAPITOL OF ITALY.

FLORENCE, Dec. 23.—The National Parliament will, at an early day, vote to re-affirm, in a solemn manner, its declaration that the City of Rome belongs to Italy, as the Capitol of the nation.

RESIGNATION OF THE CABINET.

In consequence of the adverse vote at the conclusion of the debate in the House of Deputies, last week, the members of the Cabinet have tendered their resignations to the King, but await the judgment of his Majesty on their acts. The new Ministry, it is reported, will probably be organized under Marshal Durando.

PREMIERSHIP OF ITALY.

PARIS, December 23—*Evening.*—It is rumored that Ratazzi will resume the Premiership of Italy, and will form a new cabinet hostile to France.

PROBABLE RETURN OF FRENCH TROOPS TO ROME.

The French Government is seriously considering the necessity of ordering the troops of the French expedition remaining at Civita Vecchia to return to Rome.

POLITICAL ARRESTS.

M. Accotas and other members of a secret politics society, which held its meetings in this city, have been sentenced to imprisonment.

FRANCE.

ABROGATION OF THE SEPTEMBER CONVENTION.

PARIS, December 23.—The Governments of France and Italy have commenced negotiations for the abrogation of the September Convention, with the understanding that any agreement they may arrive at in the matter shall be submitted to the approval of the other powers of Europe.

ANOTHER COMPLICATION.

The Italian Parliament, by a recent vote, refused to pay the interest on the debt of the provinces formerly belonging to the States of the Church, which debt was assumed by Italy when those provinces were annexed. The French Government has sent a dispatch to Florence protesting against this action of the Legislature.

DENMARK.

TRANSFER OF WEST INDIES.

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 23.—The question of the transfer of the Danish West India Islands to the United States will be submitted to a popular vote of the inhabitants of those colonies in January.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, December 23.—*Evening.*—Consols closed at 92¼ for account, and 92¾ for money. Five-twenties, 72@72¼; Illinois Central, 88; Erie, 49¾.

FRANKFORT, December 23—*Evening.*—U. S. Bonds, 77.

LIVERPOOL, December 23.—*Evening.*—Cotton closed easy; Middling Uplands, 7 3-16d. in port, and 6¾d to arrive; Middling Orleans, 7¼d; sales of 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs—Corn, 45s 9d. Wheat; California white, 10s 2d; No. 2 red Western, 13s 7d. Barley, Oats and Peas are unchanged. Provisions—Beef, 112s. Pork, 97s 6d. Lard, 49s 6d. Cheese, 52s. Bacon, 40s 6d. Produce—Market dull. Sugar, 25s 6d for No. 12. Tallow, 44s 3d. Petroleum; spirits, 2s; refined, 1s 3½d. Clover Seed, 46s.

ANTWERP, December 23.—*Evening.*—Petroleum dull; standard white, 44 francs 75 centimes.

TERRIBLE MURDER.

A Congressman Killed by his Insane Son.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MARYSVILLE, O., Dec. 23.—Hon. C. S. Hamilton, Republican Member of Congress from the 8th District, Onio, was brutally murdered by his son in a fit of insanity, on Sunday morning, by being struck on the head with an axe, at this place. Frenzied with blood, the son returned to the house, and succeeded in inflicting seven wounds upon a younger brother before he could be secured. He is now a hopeless, raving maniac. Mr. Hamilton had just returned from Washington.

Rights of Naturalized Citizens.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ROCHESTER, December 23.—A large and enthusiastic meeting of citizens was held to-night to consider the rights of naturalized citizens abroad. Hon Henry D. Fish, Mayor, presided. Several speeches were made and resolutions adopted calling on the Government to define the rights of adopted American citizens, and demand the immediate unconditional release of those held in durance by the government of Great Britain.

Sentence Remitted.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

AUGUSTA, Dec. 23.—General T. W. Sweeney, who was tried by Court Martial, and suspended from rank and pay for six months, has had the sentence remitted by order of the President, and been ordered to report to General Pope for duty.

Railroad Bridge Burned.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BURLINGTON, Vt., Dec. 23.—The railroad bridge over Onion river, three hundred feet long and sixty feet wide, was destroyed by fire this evening.

HAVANA.

Entertainment by the New Captain General—Offer to Lease St. Domingo (Not Samana) to the United States—Don Polanco Allied to St. Domingo.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, December 22.—By invitation, all the foreign Consuls visited the new Captain General Lersundi, and were entertained with unprecedented hospitality.

Senor Pujul, Envoy from St. Domingo to the United States, remains at Santiago. He was expected here on Saturday. It is reported he is the bearer of an offer to lease the city of St. Domingo, not Samana, to the United States for ninety-nine years for the annual payment by the United States of $500,000.

The Dominica Chambers refuse to approve the loan negotiated by the Government at Paris.

Mr. Savage, Consul General of the United States at Havana, has received a confidential telegram from the American Consul at Santiago De Cuba, in consequence of which he had sent a dispatch to Secretary Seward, advising him to defer the purchase of St. Thomas.

In an engagement with the Baezists in St. Domingo General Palanco was killed and buried with grand funeral ceremonies at the Capital. The Baezists have relinquished Porto Plata, but are marching onward.

HAVANA, December 23.—The city was illuminated to-night in honor of Lersundi.

Advices from Venezuela state that General Guzzman Blanco has been appointed Ambassador to England and France. Many political arrests had been made by the government. The merchants of Maracaibo have reports subscribed a large amount for the sufferers at St. Thomas. Intelligence from Porto Rico represents earthquakes still felt on portions of the Island.

GEORGIA.

The State Reconstruction Convention—No Funds to Pay Members can be Raised—A Stormy Session.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ATLANTA, December 23.—The Convention met this morning and immediately took a recess till three o'clock this afternoon, in order to give the Finance Committee an opportunity to negotiate a loan to pay the expenses of the Convention.

The afternoon session was exceedingly stormy. The Finance Committee failed to secure a loan and after much ordering to authorize a further effort, which was defeated, on the ground that nothing should be done.

The report of the Commissioner, sent to Milledgeville, to draw $40,000 from the State Treasury, was received. It says he showed the State Treasurer the ordinance of the Convention, with several Pope authority and direction endorsed, and that the Treasurer said he must decline paying out any money on such authority, being sworry by the Constitution and the laws of Georgia, and was bonded only to pay warrants signed by the Governor.

During the debate that ensued one delegate said the Treasurer had rnubbed the Convention. Another said he would to God the Convention could snub God. Pope. The negro Bradley said the Sergeant-at-Arms had been sent with a file of soldiers to bring that impudent Treasurer to the bar of the Convention. Another negro said, "What did they bring us here for?" Great and extreme indignation is expressed by the delegates, a majority of whom have not money enough to take them home. The Convention printer, and officials will suffer severely. The Convention adjourned until the 8th of January next.

CANADA.

Adjournment of Parliament—Bills Approved by the Governor General.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

OTTAWA, December 23.—The Parliament adjourned on Saturday until after the 12th of March. Among the bills assented to by the Governor General are the following: To provide for the lawful training of persons in the use of fire arms and military evolutions; to authorize justices of the peace to seize and detain arms collected for purposes dangerous to the public peace; to authorize the arrest of persons suspected of committing acts of hostility or conspiracy against her Majesty's person and Government.

The discount in American invoices for the week is 23 per cent.

MONTREAL, December 23.—A fire occurred in Sandwich, C. E., in Wordheimer's Hall, occupied as a billiard saloon by Dion. The building was destroyed. Dion lost sixteen billiard tables. Many others suffered. No lives were lost. Wm. Paire, tobacconist, and others lose heavily.

LONDON, December 23.—The offices of the Grand Trunk Railway were entered by burglars yesterday morning, and a large sum of money abstracted.

QUEBEC, Dec. 23.—A heavy snow storm set in on Saturday night, and continued until to-day. The railroads are badly obstructed.

MACON, December 23.—A detachment of troops left to-night for Milledgeville, supposed to have some connection with the Treasurer's refusal to pay money to the order of General Pope and the Convention.

LOUISIANA.

State Reconstruction Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 23.—In the Convention this morning a resolution was offered by Mr. Bonsegur, colored, directing the first Legislature convened after the adoption of the Constitution to ascertain the entire indebtedness of the State, and to issue bonds therefor at six per cent. net, to run over forty years, and that a tax of two mills annually be levied for the redemption of the same. Consideration of the resolution was postponed.

In the afternoon Mr. Cooley read a certificate of the State Treasurer, to the effect that no funds had been deposited to the credit of any Convention, and he therefore moved a suspension of the rules for the adoption of his resolution repealing the bond ordinance. The motion was lost.

The balance of the session until adjournment was passed in the discussion of the bond question, in the course of which a colored member said when he reflected upon the bond scheme he felt assured that the issue of $300,000 in bonds at eight per cent. for which the State could receive but $195,000, was an infamous swindle.

The Convention then adjourned till to-morrow.

The second clause of Mr. Cooley's resolution provides for the payment of members in warrants out of any funds in the hands of the State Treasurer.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

—At Haverhill, Mass., Monday morning, an attempt was made to rob the Merrimac National Bank, the burglar first having fired a paint shop to attract attention. Joseph Burnham, a town watchman, heard an explosion in the bank building, and on entering the bank was shot dead by the burglar, who escaped. The lock of the bank had been shattered by gunpowder.

—The extensive works of the Camden Rolling Mill Company, in Camden, N. J., were completely destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. Loss, $70,000: insured for $35,000.

—Hon. A. H. Stephens lectures in Philadelphia shortly on the condition of affairs in the Southern States.

—Gen. Meade has returned to Washington on a summons from Gen. Grant.

Locomotive Explosion at Reading—Fireman Killed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

READING, Dec. 23.—A locomotive exploded its boiler in the lower depot here this morning, killing Albert Kline, engineer, and John Schmakle, fireman. The conductor and two brakesmen were thrown some distance but escaped material injury.

Fire in Salem, Mass.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, December 23.—A small block of stores on Essex street, Salem, was destroyed by fire on Saturday night. The loss is estimated at thirty thousand dollars. Among the sufferers were C. S. Dayer, G. W. Rodgers, F. W. Tuttell and G. A. Stebwell. Property partly insured.

Banking House Suspended.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, December 23.—The banking house of Tesson, Son & Co. suspended to-day. It is understood a large amount of their paper was protested in New York.

The Republican Voters of the Sixth ward, Allegheny city, are requested to meet at the school house on this (Tuesday) evening, at 7 o'clock, to place in nomination parties to be voted for at the primary election on Saturday, the 28th inst.

W. W. BROWN,
Chm'n Ex. Com.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

RELIEF OF THE POOR.

Meeting of Representatives from the Various Charitable and Christian Associations of the City to Devise Means for the Spiritual and Temporal Relief of the Destitute.

Pursuant to a call published by the committee appointed at a previous meeting, to devise ways and means for the relief, both spiritual and temporal, of the poor and destitute of the city and vicinity, representatives from a number of the Christian and charitable associations assembled in the Lecture Room of the First Presbyterian church, Wood street, to receive the report of the committee and take such action in the matter as the necessities of the case demanded.

The meeting was called to order by Rev. Mr. Scovil, upon whose motion Rev. Mr. Dickerson was called to the chair.

The Chairman read the 23rd hymn, which was sung by the assembly, after which Rev. Mr. Reed offered up a fervent and touching prayer.

The Chairman said that the objects of the present meeting had been so plainly and definitely stated by the Committee in the call publi hed by them, that it required no explanation from him: the call had been widely published and the objects of the meeting specifically defined by it, and it only remained for the meeting to take such action in the matter as the necessities of the case demanded. The meeting was now ready to hear any suggestions that might be made on the subject before them, which was the spiritual and temporal relief of the poor and destitute of the city and vicinity.

Mr. Scovil thought the report of the Committee, which had been prepared by Rev. Mr. Locke, Chairman, definitely explained the objects of the present meeting which report was the published call above referred to.

The Chairman suggested that the report be read for the benefit of the meeting.

Mr. Locke, Chairman of the Committee, then read the report, which having been previously published we omit.

The objects of the uniting of all Christian and Charitable associations in the work, under the supervision of the Women's Christian Association and the Ladies' Relief Society, and further recommended that the city be divided into districts, and assigned to the care of churches, each church being responsible for the performance of the work in the district assigned to it.

After an endless amount of discussion, which was void of interest and much of it foreign to the matter before the meeting, the reception of the report, it was received.

The question of its adoption was then taken up and discussed at considerable length, and was finally substituted by the following resolutions, prepared by the Committee, and which were afterwards ordered to be signed and published as the acts of the churches:

Resolved, That it is the deliberate sense of this meeting that the work of evangelization in this city and Birmingham, which has been so gallantly made and finally repulsed in the evening by the arrival of some cavalry, which charged the Paraguayans, causing them to abandon the capture of the redoubts and two of the guns taken therein and return to their own lines. The loss of the allies was six guns and one thousand one hundred killed, wounded, &c. Loss of the Paraguayans two thousand four hundred killed and prisoners, of whom but one hundred and fifty-five were prisoners. The number of wounded is unknown.

The Anglo-Brazilian *Times* says: The two great victories of the Brasilians before San Salona have ruined the Paraguayan horse, and rendered it impossible for Lopez longer to contest possession of the open country with the powerful allied cavalry. The capture of Rincowde has deprived him of his cattle station and supplies, while the arriving of the allies at the bluff at Tuyi has shut the last way, and he must dribble through the paths of the Gran Chaco. Thus he must needs be cut off with the sole resources gathered within his fortress, although he doubtless will assail again and again, with the energy of despair, the two armies of the allied line at Tayi and Turyity. The nature of the ground is all to the advantage of the allies. Meantime, by being cut off from obtaining aid, his resources must lessen daily, while the allied reinforcements now average two thousand five hundred per month, and they have the world for supplies.

The cholera has disappeared from the army of the allies.

The ram Stonewall left Rio Janerio November 12th.

A Peruvian exploring expedition, under Admiral Tucker, had examined the rivers Pachitic and Ucayali and reached Quitos, whence they would descend the Amazon to Peru.

The small pox had killed three thousand one hundred and sixty-eight persons in the province of Rio Grosso, up to September 26th. Two thousand two hundred died in the town of Cuyaba alone.

The United States steamer Pawnee, at Bahia, had many cases of small pox among her crew. By consent of the authorities the sick were placed in hospitals on shore.

A conspiracy was discovered among the crew of a Portugese Coolie ship to kill the captain and others who refused to join them, turn the vessel into a pirate, and finally sell her in the Indies. Seven of the conspirators were placed in irons and subsequently delivered to the authorities. While in irons the eighth jumped overboard and was drowned.

The North America left St. Thomas on December 16th, and reports the excitement occasioned by the late earthquakes still continued. On December 12th they experienced another heavy shock.

The Brazilian Minister to the United States, Senor Gonzalez De Magolhoens, arrived in the North America.

THE TACK CASE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, December 23.—Attorney-General Brewster, counsel for Tack Brothers, was ready to go on with the argument but District Attorney Mann, counsel for O'Connor, said he was engaged elsewhere. The argument was postponed till Friday next. Attorney General Brewster took occasion to inform the Court of the publication made in two of the Pittsburgh papers a few days ago of the private telegrams of Tack Brothers, and said he intended holding the prosecutor in this case responsible for their publication. He denounced it as a breach of decorum and an outrage on the rights of citizens and an insult to the Court. Judge Ludlow said that if the publication had gone beyond that of giving to the public telegrams that had been produced in evidence, that it was a breach of privilege, and perhaps under the circumstances would be a contempt of the Court; but as this was done in Pittsburgh, he could take no action in the matter, as it was out of his jurisdiction.

NEW YORK

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, December 23, 1867.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Governor Fenton has appointed Geo. B. Lincoln a member of the Board of Health of this city, in place of Shultz, resigned.

MURDERER SENTENCED.

Fanny Wright, who killed policeman McChesney, was convicted of manslaughter in the second degree, and sentenced to the State Prison for life.

The New England Society gave their annual dinner to night in honor of the landing of the pilgrims. Jas. H. Choate presided. Speeches were made by Gens. Sherman and Sickles, Henry Ward Beecher, and others.

ST. DOMINGO.

Defeat of the Cabral Government—Bay of Samana.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. DOMINGO, December 20.—The Cabral Government has been defeated, the organization of his troops being defective. A pronunciamento of the people against him has been issued and Baez proclaimed President.

It is announced that a commission is going to Washington to conclude arrangements for the transfer of the Bay of Samana to the United States.

Weather Reports.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

OIL CITY—Cloudy and cold. River rising. Twenty-four inches water.

CHICAGO—Clear and cold.

CLEVELAND—Cloudy, windy and cold.

COLUMBUS—Cloudy and cold.

CINCINNATI—Clear and cold.

HARRISBURG—Cloudy, windy and cold. Wind northwest.

PHILADELPHIA—Clear and pleasant. Wind southwest. Thermometer forty-eight degrees.

INDIANAPOLIS—Clear and cold.

NEW YORK CITY—Snowing hard.

LOUISVILLE—Clear and pleasant.

ST. LOUIS—Clear and cold.

Academy of Music—The Great Miltonian Tableaux, from London.

We were pleased to witness such an incontestible of the good taste of the citizens of Pittsburgh, as was evinced in the large and select audience that thronged to the Academy of Music last night to witness the grand spectacular representation of Milton's Paradise Lost. The Miltonian Tableaux are certainly miracles of art. They emboly the most magnificent and gloomy and beautiful conception of the immortal blind poet. They thrill, fascinate, awe and edify. They are at once a lesson to the heart, a delight to the eye, and an instruction to the mind.

Words fail to convey an idea of their matchless elegance and beauty. The artist has caught the spirit of poesy and pictures to the eye that which all must have felt in perusing the grand sonorous lines of Paradise Lost.

The exhibit is of that character that attracts the better class of the people especially, and hundreds of our best and most influential citizens attend with their families, who rarely if ever attend exhibitions of any description. It is arranged in sections to best picture the scenes Milton imagined and described. That these should be beautiful, sublime, terrible, is not strange. We read Milton, we are filled with feelings we cannot express. We see the scenes he pictured, as painted by a great artist, and we admire them the more, and re-read, with new interest, the text read often before.

The scenes are brilliant, not only in conception, but also in execution, and are graphic portraitures of the beautiful descriptions in "Paradise Lost." While gazing on them the mind becomes insensibly transported into the strange weird world which Milton's exuberant imagination created.

Let no parents fail to take their children, and impress upon them the greatest moral and religious lessons.

They will be on exhibition again to-night and every night this week. Also on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons, a grand treat is announced in store for the audience to-night. Old "Santa Claus" will make his personal appearance on the stage after the exhibition is over, with the favors usually expected from him on such occasions, for you know it will be

"The night before Christmas, when all
Not a creature is stirring, not even a
mouse."

This feature of the entertainment alone is worth the price of admission, and we look again for another crowded house to-night, and as long as the exhibitions remains with us.

The Steubenville Female College.

On our second page to-day will be found the announcement of the commencement of the second quarter of the winter term of the Steubenville Female College. We are pleased to state that this very excellent educational institution has been very deservedly appreciated by the public, and during the past quarter a very large number of boarding scholars have been in attendance. The College buildings are complete in every department, and will compare favorably with any similar institution of the characters. Located in the county seat, but outside the charming town of Steubenville, on the banks of the Ohio, and taking in the most beautiful stretch of landscape scenery that river affords, the site of the College is not only conducive to health and study, but is one of the most delightful and romantic in America. The corps of teachers secured by the scholars is all that could be desired, and parents could not entrust their daughters for education to a college where they will receive better intellectual and moral training. Rev. A. M. Reid, the Principal of the Faculty, a gentleman with whose scholastic attainments and rare qualifications as an instructor we have full knowledge, has admirably succeeded in placing this College among the first of the country, and we trust that his efforts and those of his able corps of teachers, assisted, will be generously accorded by those having the great responsibility of educating females. For terms, etc., see the advertisement.

The Sweetest of Life.

Our uptown readers have reason to be thankful that they have in their immediate locality a confectionary which is fully equal in point of stock to any in the heart of the city, and a confectioner who thoroughly understands every department of his business. We refer to Mr. J. B. Youngson, whose well supplied store is at No. 230 Wylie street. There will be found a stock of sweetmeats which will please everybody who may call. His sweet cakes are the delight of all, and parents need have no hesitation in purchasing for their children's Christmas trees all the necessary bonbons and confectionaries. Mr. Youngson is a practical and experienced baker, and keeps constantly on hand a very fine assortment of all kinds of cakes, from the delicate little fairy to the more substantial and weighty wedding or party cake. Orders for party suppers, for cakes, candies or anything in his line will receive prompt attention and be executed in the most artistic manner and in a satisfactory manner. Knowing Mr. Youngson's method of doing business, and the high character which he enjoys as a confectioner, we cheerfully recommend him to the patronage of our readers.

Christmas Gift Books.

In order to aid our readers in selecting Christmas annuals out of the immense stock of holiday books offered by Henry Miner, Nos. 71 and 73 Fifth street, we herewith name a few which meet with our heartiest approval, and which are sold at the very reasonable price of two dollars and fifty cents each. To say nothing of the contents the books are cheap in that price, if we consider only the elegant manner in which they are bound and illustrated. Here are our selections, all Christmas and New Years Gift Books:

Forget-Me-Not.
Keepsake of Friendship.
The Amaranth.
Memory's Gift.
The Moss Rose.
Token of Friendship.
The Philopœus.
Gift of Affection.
The Magnolia.
Friendship's Gift.
The Garland.
Friendship's Offering.

Parlor Games at Pittock's.

In the splendid assortment of holiday goods thrown open for the inspection of the public at Pittock's Bazar, opposite the Postoffice, will be found a very fine collection of parlor games, which would be acceptable gifts to the young or old. Pittock has everything worth keeping. His stock of the works of standard authors is hard to beat; his endless variety of juvenile and toy books challenge comparison; his collection of family bibles and hymn and prayer books are so cheap as to be within the reach of all; his photographic album display is immense; the line of writing desks, port folios, ladies' companions, workboxes, &c., is something worth examining by those who are in a quandary as to what they shall buy as a present for a friend. Stationery, photographs, fancy goods, and everything else peculiar to the line of trade, can no where else be purchased to better advantage than at Pittock's. The prices have been reduced to suit the stringency of the times, and dealers will be dealt with on very favorable terms.

At Henry Miner's.

The following embraces a few of the special holiday goods offered for sale at very reasonable prices at the extensive book house of Henry Miner, Nos. 71 and 73 Fifth street:

Skates for Lady's, Gents and Youth.
Games, 100 different kinds.
Handkerchief Boxes, Tourista Cases,
Glove Boxes, Writing Desks,
Jewel Boxes, Portfolios,
Diaries for 1868, 100 Styles.
Ladies Pocket Books, Opera Glasses,
Gents Pocket Books, Segar Cases,
Ladies Companions, Wine Cases,
Ladies Work Boxes, Odor Cases,
Photograph Albums, Card Cases.
Initial Paper and Envelopes in Boxes.
Backgammon, Checker and Chess Boards, Paints, Chromo and Ivory Tablets.

Just the Book.—At Miner's largely stocked book store will be found a splendid variety of holiday books, illustrated Goldsmith, comprising the Vicar of Wakefield; The Traveller; The Deserted Village; The Haunch of Venison; The Captivity; (an oratorio.) Retaliation; Miscellaneous Poems; The Good Natured Man; She Stoops to Conquer; and a Sketch of the Life of Oliver Goldsmith, by H. W. Dulcken, Ph. D., with 100 pictures drawn by G. J. Pinwell; Engraved by the Brothers Dalziel. This volume is sold very cheap and will prove a suitable holiday present.

Another Medical Wonder.

WEST POINT, COL. CO., O.,
December 21st, 1867.

DR. KEYSER: I write to thank you for your kindness and scientific management of my disease, for which I called to consult you. On the first of April, in the year 1865, as you will remember, I was sorely afflicted with the Scrofula, and had gave up all hopes of ever having a cure. I often thought it was impossible, that nothing could be done, for I had tried nearly everything that was within my reach, and tried seven well learned doctors, and failed in all; some could relieve me of my awful sufferings of pain that was raging in my body; but was no touch towards effecting a cure, and one day as I was reading over the list of cures effected by your treatment on Scrofula, I began to think of the old saying "that as long as there was life there was hope;" and I would try once more, for I knew that I never could get well by doing nothing; that the disease had taken a deep hold in my body and was fast devouring the flesh from off my bones, and without some help I must surely die; and that was a settled point by all who ever saw or was acquainted with me, for I had running sores on my left shoulder and arm, and they were filled with proud flesh. I could not use my arm at all, by times, and my right leg was affected from my body to the end of my toes; running sores on and about the knee, and was swelled till I often thought that it would burst. When I set my foot on the floor there was no natural feelings in my foot and legs, by times, for the skin became all purple spotted, and there were days and weeks and months that I could not walk a step without the aid of some one's help, or a staff, and at last it run all over my head and face. My face and head was also swollen, and it affected my eyes so that I could not see to read, and by times, and there arose large lumps of humor one after the other around my neck and face. Indeed, I suffered days and nights, I scarcely knew what to do, and I began to think this would not do. I made one more trial. I then represented myself before Dr. Keyser, and he said that I was a subject for him, and immediately to undergo his treatment; and it was light, I thought, for all other doctors had blistered and cupped and poulticed and caused me pain; but the third night after I began the Dr. Keyser's medicine I slept the whole night without pain or a groan, and the swellings began to disappear from all parts of my body, and in a few months I could walk four miles in one day and in six months the awful sores were entirely cured up, and in one year I was entirely well. I am now well, and never had better health than I ever had in my life ever since, and I thought that I'd wait long enough to be certain of the truth that I have remained entirely well for two years since; and a thousand thanks to you which, under the providence of God, that you have cured me; that he may be the means of your doing much good others as he has to me, and that his Divine grace may attend you, is the heartfelt prayer of your patient.

I wish you to make what use you may think proper of this letter, and let all the world know what I do about your medicine, for I consider it my duty to make my case known to the country for the benefit of others, that they may be suffering as I was and do not know the value of your medicine.

We the undersigned, citizens of Columbiana county, Ohio, certify that we are personally acquainted with the above

The Pittsburgh Gazette

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1867.

IT IS COMPUTED that the production of gold in this country, during the last seven years, amounted to $452,600,000; that there was imported in the country during the same period $125,000,000; making a total supply of $577,600,000; that of this sum there was exported $393,700,000; leaving a net gain in the seven years of $183,900,000.

MR. JOSIAH QUINCY, of Boston, makes a plausible argument in the December number of Hunt's *Merchant's Magazine* in favor of the purchase of all the rail roads in the country by the respective States or by the nation. There is no idea his idea will prevail. England, in incorporating railway companies, has reserved the right to buy; but it is a right that will never be used. With our greater breadth of territory, the reasons for Government keeping out of such proprietorship are increased.

SOME of the victims of the late rail road accident near Buffalo, had taken out accident policies upon their lives, when purchasing their tickets, and the policies were destroyed with the bodies of the insured. The probabilities of being burned to an unrecognizable mass on railroads have been so slight as not to suggest to insurers the necessity of depositing their policies in other hands. But the late accident shows how important it is that an accident policy should not be in the pocket of the insured.

HEAVY losses have been incurred during the year now closing through the fall in values of merchandize. These losses cover almost all the articles entering into general consumption. The importing interest has suffered as well as the wholesale dealers in domestic goods. These losses have not been so great as to produce serious embarrassment, but have been sufficiently large to inspire caution. In consequence the importations during the last fall were much lighter than during the fall before.

THE GRANT MOVEMENT, popular generally throughout the North and West, does not take among the Republicans of Missouri, or of the States farther South. A Chicago journal having characterized the expression of preference for another candidate as "bare," the St. Louis *Democrat* (Rep.) responds:

"Is this the spirit in which the Republican party can go into a nominating convention with hope of harmonious results? Prophecy is a cheap gift in these days. But it is barely possible that it those who question the wisdom of Grant's nomination are treated in this lordly fashion, there may be more than two candidates in the field.

RAILWAY CATASTROPHES.

It has become the fashion who never a railway train smashes up, and lives are lost, to denounce the result as "wholesale murder," and this without stopping to ascertain whether the misfortune resulted from intention, carelessness or accident. Indiscriminate censure of this sort excites prejudice, but it can serve no beneficial end.

People must and will travel, and locomotion involves liab lity to injury. Indeed, refusing to stir not unfrequently involves individuals in bodily harm. No means have yet been devised by which a million of people can remove or be removed a distance of one thousand or one hundred miles, without exposure of life, or limb, or general health. If they go afoot, many will fall out by the way, or slip, or tumble, or collide, or be sun-struck, or frozen, or take colds resulting in death or at least in sickness. If they make the transit in wagons, drawn by horses, the liability to injury will not be diminished but rather increased. Wagons are not so made as never to break down, or horses so well trained as never to become unruly or unmanageable. Roads are not always in complete repair; bridges, whether of timber or iron, will sometimes prove defective; and embankments and dug-ways, present chasms down which vehicles will slide, sometimes in the full blaze of sun-light; oftener in darkness or in that intermediate state between day and night.

Of all the means of transportation yet devised railway traveling is the securest. Take one year with another, and a million of men, women and children, are carried by rail a given distance with fewer casualties than by any other method whatever. Of course, from the structure of railways, from the instrument of propulsion, from the speed demanded and attained, from the dimensions and materials of the coaches, from the numbers who occupy them, and from the requirement of heat in cold weather and the way adopted for furnishing it, when a railway catastrophe occurs, it transcends ordinarily what is possible in using a wagon or post-carriage. Whoever expects to divest railway traveling of this peculiar liability, is destined to utter disappointment.

Let a man stand close by a railway track near a sharp curve, and wait till an express train comes thundering past at a speed of twenty five or thirty miles an hour, and he will get a most vivid idea of what a smash-up, from the very nature of the case, must or may imply. The ponderous machine, the vast momentum, the fearful swing, the lateral pressure, the yielding ties, the slender spikes, the multitudinous passengers, the heated stoves, and the tinder-like material of which the cars are largely composed, all suggest possibilities of danger. The marvel is not that catastrophes occur, but that they happen so unfrequently. The wonder is not in the tragedies which, at intervals, like that at Angola, startle the public and send mourning into hundreds of families, but that such scenes are not enacted much oftener than they are.

I surely is not in the interest of any railway company to have a terrible slaughter occur on its line. A certain dennite loss always results from the destruction or damage of cars or locomotives. The contingent loss involved in verdicts for damages is pretty sure to follow; for let what will be said of wealthy corporations, they stand no chance at all of getting justice when brought before a court and jury by a single man or woman demanding damages, no matter for what. Nor is this all, nor the worst of it. When a great catastrophe happens on a road, business is driven away from it. Many nervous people either stay at home, or, if they must go abroad, take any other line than that which has awakened their apprehensions.

Manifestly, the men charged with the management of a railway train, share all the dangers incurred by passengers, and the additional liability to discharge from service and disgrace in their calling, if calamities occur which they could have prevented by prudence and circumspection. Engineers and conductors hold their own lives to be as dear to them as passengers do their's. They are as strongly attached to their wives and children, and have no notion at all of killing themselves or others.

Doubtless a conductor dislikes to fall of making his connections. His reputation and emoluments depend measurably upon his promptitude and efficiency in overcoming obstacles. It may be that habit begets a degree of hardihood in him, and that he sometimes exceeds his duty. But, do not passengers get nervous, fidgety, and querulous whenever a train gets so far behind as to make a desired connection improbable? With what impatience they consult their watches! How eagerly they interrogate the conductor as to the possibility of so quickening speed as to make up lost time! How sullen they look, and how sharply they speak, if he decides he cannot meet their wishes!

But, it is said, let the speed be diminished so as to contribute to safety. Do they who so request take slow trains when they can get fast ones? We very much doubt if they do. The great majority of travelers demand or desire a degree of speed incompatible with the greatest practicable security. The train that reaches a given point an hour in advance of others, though that hour be at night when no business can be done, is sure to obtain the preference. High speeds are not profitable to railroad companies, and they would be glad to slacken, if they could, but the preference of the people for swiftness begets a necessity that is insurmountable. The fault is not so much with the companies as with their customers.

In the olden time, when we made long journies, in winter, in stage coaches, no thought was indulged of other means for keeping warm than an abundance of clothing, or, possibly, a section of heated plank under the feet. All the week long have we made slow progress with our fellows in this manner. Now, people will not dispense with stoves in railway cars, and yet think it beyond endurance if the burning coals of the stoves ignite the cars in case of upsetting. If people insist on having artificial warmth while riding, they ought to understand that it can only be had by increased exposure in case of accident. Fire is a dangerous element. Many ages doubtless elapsed before man put forth his hand and took it into his dwelling. He saw it fall from the heavens in the lightning, and smite the guarled oak. He saw it burst out of volcanic peaks, and pour down into the valleys, consuming all it touched. He saw it spring up from the earth in spontaneous combustion. Wherever it appeared, it was an object of terror. He who first put forth his hand, and, taking it up, carried it into his abode, made a servant of it, to boil his pot, roast his meat, or keep him warm, was raised to a seat among the Gods. For many centuries has fire been under discipline in the hope of getting the wildness out of it, so that it will do no evil, but only good, yet the nature of it has not been changed. As soon as it slips from under sharp control, it is as terrific as it was the day after it sprang into existence. No man has tamed it, and no man ever will. To use it, is to take a certain degree of hazard. It is now suggested that stoves be dispensed within cars, and the needed warmth be supplied by steam from the engine. Probably an improvement is attainable in this direction, though, at best, a contingent liability to scalding will remain.

Whatever can be done to lessen the danger of railway conveyance ought to be attempted; but it will be found, that increased security and comfort will come not as the result of indiscriminate and heated denunciation, but of careful study and patient experiment. The horrors of Angola will lead to profitable investigations.

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

Diseases of Poultry.

The diseases of poultry, being taken in time, may not result in a serious malady, and seldom in death; but procrastination is generally as fatal in poultry keeping as anything else.

The ailments of fowls may generally be traced to a variable temperature, to irregular, injudicious feeding, or to their being kept on ground which has become impure with their use of it. Judicious feeding, perfect cleanliness, and occasional removal to new ground, will, to a great extent, keep fowls healthy.

The following are the principal diseases among them:

Apoplexy, evinced by inflamation of the brain.

Tracheal Inflamation (or gapes), with parasitic worms in the windpipe.

Roup, which is highly infectious, and a very deadly d seave, but if taken in time can be cured. The premouitory symptoms are a slight hoarseness, and catching in the breath as from cold.

Moulting, with old fowls, is often so severe and so protracted, that it carries them off. The young are often victims of leg weakness and bad feathering.

Sickly fowls should also be removed from the fowl-house on the first symptom of illness, as they are generally diseased by their companions—picked at, and evidently become objects of dislike.

Apoplexy with fowls, as in human beings, is difficult to cure. It is generally the result high feeding, and is most common among laying hens, which are sometimes found dead on the nest—the expulsive efforts required in laying being the immediate cause of the attack.

The only hope for cure consists in an instant and copious bleeding, by opening a vein with a pen knife or lancet. The largest of the veins seen on the under side of the wing, should be selected and opened in a longitudinal direction, not cut across, and so long as the thumb is pressed on the vein at any point between the opening and the body, the blood will be found to flow freely. Light food and rest should be given the bird after the operation.

Gapes, in nine cases out of ten, are obtained from rain or impure water, and if a certain preventive (not cure) is desired, the use of camphor will be found the most efficient remedy. A small piece, about the size of a peanut, kept constantly in the vessel from which the fowls drink, will make gapes unknown in your yard. Having carefully adopted this precaution, this year more particularly, and having raised over two hundred chickens without one case of gapes, I can testify that camphor is the only certain remedy. My neighbor Mr. T——, who is also a member of the American Poultry Society, and who has equal, if not superior advantages to mine for poultry rearing, has lost three-fourths of his chickens by gapes, which I attribute to the use of rain water and non-use of camphor.

Rain water will, after having stood sometime, be found, by examination under a microscope, to contain worms identical with those taken from the throat of a chicken suffering from gapes.

Roup, if treated at the outset, may be cured by feeding twice a day with saucers of bread soaked in strong ale. Dry houses and cleanliness are indispensable.

Fowls sometimes waste away without any apparent disorder. In such cases a teaspoonful of cod liver oil per day will often be found a most efficacious remedy.

Scouring or diarrhoea is caused by the too abundant use of relaxing food. Cayenne pepper, or chalk, or both, mixed with meal or boiled rice, check the complaint.

Leg weakness is generally caused by the size and weight of the body, being more than the legs can bear. It is shown by the bird resting on the first joint. Being entirely the result of weakness, the best treatment is that which gives general strength and stamina to the sufferer. Tincture of iron, say five drops to a saucer of water, must be given.

[Essa by S. M. Saunder, read at the meeting of the American Poultry Society.]

Few Points to a Good Cow.

"Dairyman," in the *Practical Farmer*, for September, presents a point in choosing a cow, which is new to us, but there is certainly sound philosophy in it. Other things being her first calf at a season of the year when feed is fresh and tender and most productive of milk, as the month of June, worth twice as much as one that brings her first calf in winter. He says that he saw a very promising half Alderny heifer which took a premium at the Pennsylvania State Fair, for which the owner asked $60. He offered to give the price provided she was to calve in June, but finding she was to calve in February $30 was all he would offer for her.

Long observation and experience with heifers and their subsequent character as milkers have satisfied him that commencing milk in early summer is an indispensable condition to a good milker in after years, and that the difference is fully one-half in any grade of stock. The philosophy of the difference in favor of heifers coming in for the first time in June, he states as follows: "Pasturage being then in the condition to produce a full flow of milk, all the parts that tend to the secretion of milk are developed to their utmost capacity. The udder and teats and milk veins become enlarged, permanently; and the best cows I ever raised we had to commence milking several weeks before they calved to prevent garget."

Feed Economically.

For some years past hay and grain have been unusually high in this section of country, so much so that many farmers have sold hay and kept less stock. The result of such a practice will soon be felt on the farm and in the lack of profits from the sale of animals and farm products. It becomes a question of no small importance as to how the farmer shall manage under these circumstances.

We meet the question at once with the response, "feed economically." Fodder of various kinds is yearly wasted, sufficient to feed one-tenth more stock than is now kept, and in many instances the waste might be estimated at double that amount.

There is first a loss at harvest time. Grass is badly cured, corn fodder is allowed to remain in the hay field until its vitality is washed out by autumn storms. Straw is profusely spread about barn and yards at threshing time. And then again, when farmers come to feed, they are extravagant in the amount they give their animals, and allow much to be wasted through heedlessness.

If those who keep stock will be regular in feeding, giving at each time only what is required, they will find that a much smaller quantity than is generally supposed will keep their animals in excellent condition. Use the cutter, and mix with cut feed, be it straw, poor hay or corn stalks—meal, shorts or some kind of grain; keep your cattle well sheltered; make use of racks in which to feed; give roots well cut, and wherever it is practicable steam the fodder and cook the vegetables fed to cattle.

Don't misunderstand us and stint your creatures—keep them in flesh, and you will see the benefit in the spring—*N. H. Farmer.*

Do Not Sell Lean Cattle.

We commend the following to our readers, as a matter of great importance. It is from the *American Farmer*:

"Farmers sell too many of their beef cattle when they are in merely ordinary beef condition. In doing this there is a two-fold loss that but few persons consider. The animal yields a less number of pounds, and the meat brings a lower price. Between ordinary beef and really choice fat beef, there is always a difference of two or three cents per pound, and this difference, when added to the whole number of pounds when the animal is in the best condition, will be found to be no mean amount. Nothing pays better than the few bushels of grain, that puts the finishing touch upon what is generally denominated a good beef animal. Those of our readers who have followed this often repeated advice in our live stock market reports, are witnesses to its soundness. Do not be in a hurry to market, under ordinary circumstances, until cattle are really fat. The same applies to all other market animals."

To Make Apple Pies

A lady corre-pondent of the *American Farmer* says that to make apple pies, do as follows:

Procure an earthen dish about three inches deep, such a one as is suitable for a chicken pie. Invert in the middle an old coffee cup. Peel and quarter the apples, and place them all around the cup, allowing a tablespoonful of sugar, and half a grated nutmeg, and nearly a pint of water. Cover with a good light pastery, pressing firmly all around the edge. Make a small incision in the pastry, just over the teacup, and bake in a good hot oven. When the crust is brown and well done, do not take out the pie, but open the oven doors and let it remain for two hours, when it will be ready for it is much nicer eaten cold. Remember, when you eat the pie preparatory to eating, to lift the cup in order to allow the juice to escape, which is the best part of the pie. Apropos of using so many apples. I have a six gallon crock in my pantry, in which all the peelings, after being chopped in the bowl, are placed and covered with cold rain water. It makes excellent pale vinegar.

How to Keep Meat Fresh.

Simply immerse in butter milk. This will keep it for several days, when the milk should be changed, and fresh milk substituted. In this way, beef, veal, &c., can be kept for several weeks and it will be as sweet and fresh at the end of that time as when first put in. Our butcher furnished us with the receipt. The whole neighborhood is now saving its meat in this way. It is equally efficacious in the hottest weather.—*F. G., in Rural World.*

HEAVY SUPPERS.—Supper should be taken about dark, and when the nights are short, about sun-down. This will allow sufficient time for the food to digest before retiring. The stomach should have rest at night, as well as the other organs of the body. Heavy suppers distend the stomach, impede the respiration, oppress the brain, cause disturbed sleep, horrid dreams, night-mare, and in many cases, sudden death. If you would enjoy quiet, refreshing sleep, and avoid disease and sudden death, shun heavy suppers. This meal should consist mostly of toasted bread, waters, biscuit, a small quantity of fresh butter, with milk or water for drink.

CURE FOR EAR ACHE.—Take a small piece of cotton wool, making a depression in the center with the end of a finger, and fill it with as much ground pepper as will rest on a five cent piece, gather it into a ball and tie it up, dip the ball into sweet oil and insert it into the ear, covering the latter with cotton wool, and use a bandage or cap to retain it in its place. Almost instant relief will be experienced, and the application is so gentle that an infant will not be injured by it, but experience relief as well as adults.

BY USING STRUP or molasses for mustard plasters, they will keep soft and flexible, and not dry up and become hard, as when mixed with water. A thin paper or cloth should come between the plaster and the skin. The strength of the plaster is varied by the addition of more or less flour.

RECIPE FOR CHAPPED HANDS.—Linseed oil, one pint; rosin, three ounces; mix, put on the fire, and stir until well mixed.

PURE LIQUORS.

Pure Liquors, Pure Liquors,
Pure Liquors, Pure Liquors,
Pure Liquors, Pure Liquors,
For medicinal purposes.
For medicinal purposes.
For medicinal purposes.
Cognac Brandy, Port Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Port Wine,
Sherry Wine, Madeira Wine,
Sherry Wine, Madeira Wine,
Catawba Wine, Pure Holland Gin,
Catawba Wine, Pure Holland Gin,
Pure Jamaica Rum,
Pure Jamaica Rum,
Pure Rye Whisky, Pure Rye Whisky,
Pure Rye Whisky, Pure Rye Whisky,

AT JOSEPH FLEMING'S,

Corner of the Diamond and Market street.
Corner of the Diamond and Market street.
de15:WTF

The Great Pictorial Annual.

Hostetter's United States Almanac, for 1868, for distribution, gratis, throughout the United States and all civilized countries of the Western Hemis here, will be published about the first of January, and all who wish to understand the true philosophy of health should read and ponder the valuable suggestions it contains. In addition to an admirable medical treatise on the causes, prevention and cure of a great variety of diseases, it embraces a large amount of information of interesting to the merchant, the mechanic the miner, the farmer, the planter, and professional man, and the calculations have been made for each meridian and latitudes as are most suitable for a correct and comprehensive NATIONAL CALENDAR.

The nature, uses and extraordinary sanitary effect of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS the staple tonic and alterative of more than half the Christian world are fully set forth in its pages, which are interspersed with clear and attractive wood-cut cuts of remarkable cures from all parts of the Union, numerous anecdotes, and other interesting and amusing reading matter, original and selected. Among the A gents to appear in the spring of the year, this will be one of the most useful and may be had for the asking. Call for one at the nearest agent for HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, in Pittsburgh, Pa., or at the nearest agent for HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, in the BITTERS and country city, town and village of the United States.

Coughing in Church.

Hundreds of persons destroy the interest of a whole congregation, by a continued coughing and sneezing when in church, and frequently interrupt the preacher in his sermon, by a long bark, as unbecoming as it is dangerous to the health of the person himself. This need not be, DR. KEYSER, of Pittsburgh, has prepared a medicine which, although you can't carry it in your pocket, if you will take a dose before going to church, will allay all tickling and irritation of the lungs, and by a perseverance in its use for a day or two, will entirely cure the disease. So DON'T COUGH ANY MORE IN CHURCH; THINK OF DR. KEYSER and his CHERRY PECTORAL; open your heart strings and purse strings, and you will be a better and happier man, and not be looked upon as one who annoys your neighbors. You can get it at any Druggists.

DR. KEYSER'S CONSULTATION OFFICE, for Lung Examinations, No. 20 PENN ST.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 74 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

HEALING WITHOUT DRUGS.

The true curative pien or natural healing art is based entirely upon physiological principles upon the ACTIVITY OF FUNCTIONS in appropriate or using the LIFE ELEMENTS, and their nutrient value being assimilated in a manner that is potent in the BANISHMENT OF DISEASE from the system. But before we can heal through the inherent vita properties of the life ments, we bring the NATIONAL MATERIA MEDICA to bear, in DRAWING OUT THE DISEASE MEDICINES, and morbid materials through the activity of the cleansing channels, sanatory pictures and salivary valves, with which the system is bountifully supplied. But when these are either obstructed or not understood, the penalty is the same; therefore instead of quacking last we do so by saying we have gained more money than we can use, it is our highest policy to learn first the laws of righteousness in the bodily tabernacle, in order that we may live to inherit our natural wealth of harmony, by no normal tonics, alteratives, stimulants, sedatives, &c., we get the FRIENDLY changes of vital action, without the corrosive wounds inflicted by drugs. By a correct dealing with causes in the provinces of disease, we eradicate the whole catalogue of parasites, among which are tape worm, erratic worm, &c.; also, tumors, cancers, ulcers, abscesses, dropsy, insanity, diseases of the nerves and gallstones, confirmed dyspepsia, constipation, deafness, liver complaint, dyspepsia, gout, rheumatism, neuralgia, and in short every disease that flesh is heir to, provided our remedial plan is strictly adhered to. We do not expect to please all. But those who have been the victims of the empiricism and ingenious lingo of simila similibus curantur, and contraria contrariis curantur practice; and now with physical endurance, in its broadest sense, can try the Vis-Conservatrix Naturae Method, by giving us a call, at No. 50 CENTRE AVENUE, Pittsburgh.
de18:93

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GENUINE CASTILE SOAP.

Just received, a few boxes Imported Castile Soap, white and mottled, at the Family Grocery Store of

McKNIGHT & SMITH,

No. 10 Federal street, Allegheny.
Three doors above the Diamond.

MAYOR'S OFFICE.

PITTSBURGH, PA., Dec. 23d, 1867.

Whereas, the 7th section of chapter seventeen of the City Code, directs and orders that all and every person who shall possess or inhabit the front house, shop, or building adjoining to and fronting the foot pavement within the said city, shall cause the same along the fronts of their respective abodes, houses, buildings or property to be swept and cleaned at least once on every Tuesday and Friday of each week. And as many of the pavements of the city are in such condition as to seriously impede the business of and are dangerous to the pedestrians, this is to give notice that unless the aforesaid provisions of the ordinance is complied with, the penalties attached there to will be strictly exacted.

dec24 W. C. McCARTHY, Mayor.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

MALTBY'S OYSTERS;
FRESH LOBSTER, GREEN PEAS;
WINSLOW'S GREEN CORN;
FRESH PEACHES SARDINES;
PINE APPLE and GODSEN CHEESE.
CRANBERRIES;
SHAKER DRIED CORN, &c.,

For sale at the Family Grocery Store of

McKNIGHT & SMITH,

No. 10 Federal street, Allegheny.
Three doors above the Diamond.

AT REDUCED PRICES!

LADIES' AND GENT'S

Morocco Satchels,

At F. H. EATON'S,

No. 17 FIFTH STREET.
de24

STEUBENVILLE

FEMALE SEMINARY.

The Second Quarter of the Winter Session will Begin

JANUARY 13TH, 1868.

Pupils are admitted at any time. The terms have been reduced so as to suit the citizens of limited means. The scholarship of each pupil will be carefully examined on entering, and placed in a class corresponding to her attainments. Terms for quarter—16 weeks—is barely $30, including boarding, washing and tuition in the common branches. Extra charges are made for Music, Painting, French and other Languages.

For circulars apply to

Rev. J. C. BEATTY, D.D., LL.D.,
Cor. Fifth and Wood sts., Up Stairs,
Or, Rev. A. M. REED, A.M., Principal.
de24:3

DENNISON & BECKERT,

27 Fifth Street.

Fine Furs for Holiday Presents.

FANCY BOXES.
FINE SCARFS AND MUFFLERS.
MORRISON'S STAR SHIRTS.
All kinds of FANCY JEWELRY.
WOOL & MERINO UNDERGARMENTS.
KID GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS.
HOSIERY, NECK TIES, SUSPENDERS.
CORSETS and HOOP SKIRTS.
FANCY FANS.

All our goods at reduced prices, in order to close out our winter stock.
de24

NEW GOODS

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

We have just returned from the East with a large stock of GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAY TRADE, and are prepared to sell everybody with

PRESENTS FOR THEIR FRIENDS.

OUR STOCK CONSISTS OF

Gent's Gold Watches,
Ladies' Gold Watches,
Gold Chains,
Chain Bracelets,
Gent's Seal Rings,
Pinh Alloys, 18 Karats fine.
Fine Pearl Sets
Fine Coral Sets,
Fine Garnet Sets,
Fine Gold Sets,
Fine Jet Sets,
Solid Silver Goods,
Cuff Buttons,
Ladies' Pins,
Gent's Pins,
Ear Rings, Silver Plated Ware,
Gold and Silver Head Canes,
Parian Goods, Fancy Goods, &c.

ALL TO BE SOLD AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICE.

WATTLES & SHEAFER,

101 Fifth Street,

de24:161WTS Six doors above Smithfield.

MERRY CHRISTMAS.

Christmas Presents.

There is nothing nicer or more appropriate for a gift than one of the following articles:

TOY BOOKS,
REWARD OF MERIT
STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS,
MOSS PICTURES,
WRECKING CROSSES,
BASKETS OF FLOWERS,
FINE GOLD PENS,
OIL PAINTINGS,
FAMILY BIBLES,

Very fine selection of POEMS, well bound.

Chess and Backgammon Boards

ALL KIND OF GAMES.

LADIES' SATCHELS AND TRAVELING BAGS.

Portmonies, Pocket Books,

Ladies' Pen Knives.

CARD CASES,

Gent's Dressing Cases,

ELEGANT BOUND PRAYER BOOKS.

Everything in our line suitable for a gift can be had at our Mammoth Book Store.

HOGLE & CHAMBERS,

No. 74 Fifth Street.
de24:165

GIFTS FOR 1867-'68.

The Largest Assortment in the City,

COMPRISING, IN PART,

Fine Vienna and American Desks;
Work Boxes, Cigar Cases, Cabas;
Pocket Books, Ladies' Companions;
Genuine Turkey Morocco Satchels;
Port Monnaies;
Bohemian and China Vases;
Splendid China Vases & Ornaments;
Chess Men and Boards;
Photo Albums;
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dressing Cases;
Parlor Croquet Implements and Boards;
Bezique and other Games;
Glove and Handkerchief Boxes,

And an endless variety of

TOYS AND FANCY GOODS,

Imported direct from Europe, and not through Eastern Agents, and will be sold at LOWER PRICES than can be bought elsewhere.

C. YEAGER & CO.,

de24:165 110 MARKET STREET.

BEAVER CLOTHS,

AND

CLOAKING CLOTHS,

The best assortment in the city, at

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.'S,

No. 87 MARKET STREET.

ALL GOODS REDUCED IN PRICE.

FRENCH POPLINS,

IRISH POPLINE,

ENGLISH MERINOS, for 31 cents.

No. 87 Market Street.
de24

SELLING OFF AT COST

AT

ROBERTS & SHERRATT'S,

61 Smithfield Street,

OUR STOCK OF HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.

STOVES, FENDERS,
COAL VASES,
FINE IRONS and STANDS,

A Good Chance to Purchase Presents.
de24

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.—A large assortment of

Gold and Silver Watches,

JEWELRY, PLATED WARE, FANCY GOODS, &c., suitable for Holiday Presents, at

No. 114 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.

JOHN MITCH.

INDIA RUBBER CLOTHING, of every description; also, Rapid mail Pants, Fishing Boots, &c., at 20 and 28 St. Clair street.

de18:93 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST

PIANO AND ORGAN.

SCHOMACKER'S

GOLD MEDAL PIANO,

AND

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.

THE SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium wherever exhibited.

ITS TONE IS FULL SONOROUS AND SWEET.

The Workmanship, for durability and beauty, stands all others.

Prices from $450 to $750, (according to style and finish), cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN

Stands at the head of all reed instruments in producing the most perfect piece of all of tone of any similar instrument made in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order, and CANNOT GET OUT OF TUNE. HUMANA GESMOLOS is only to be found in this organ. Price from $100 to $300. All guaranteed for five years.

BIRR, KNABE & BUETTLER,

No. 12 St. Clair Street.

de24:139

1867. HOLIDAYS. 1868.

KAY & COMPANY,

BOOKSELLERS,

65 Wood Street,

(LAFAYETTE BUILDING.)

INVITE ATTENTION TO THEIR FINE COLLECTION OF

Books for the Holidays.

CONSISTING OF

ELEGANTLY BOUND AND ILLUSTRATED

PRESENTATION BOOKS!

FINE EDITIONS OF

STANDARD AUTHORS.

AN IMMENSE VARIETY OF

BOOKS FOR THE YOUNG.

Illustrated Juveniles,
Toy Books,
Family Bibles,
Pocket Bibles,
Hymn Books,
Prayer Books,
Writing Desks,
Tourists Cases,
Port Folios,
Gold Pens,
Pocket Books,

&c., &c., &c.

de24:

ST. LOUIS WATERWORKS.

To Machinists.

OFFICE BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS, CITY OF ST. LOUIS, Dec. 16, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS, endorsed "Proposal for High Service Pumping Engines," addressed to the President of the Water Commissioners, will be received at the Office of the Board in the City of St. Louis, until twelve o'clock, noon, of MONDAY, the 3d day of FEBRUARY, 1868, at which time and place the bids will be publicly opened and read, for building a duplicate set of High Service Pumping Engines, and all the necessary pumping machinery complete, to be erected at the Bissell's Point City of Waterworks, with boilers, chimney, foundations, and appurtenances complete. Engine to be capable of delivering 40,000,000 gallons of water per day, and ready for service by the 1st of October, 1868. Right reserved to reject any or all bids. Bids must be ready for service by the 1st of January, 1869.

The same time and place proposals will be received for building and erecting at Bissell's Point, City of St. Louis, one Brick Chimney 60 feet high, 8 feet inside diameter at top, and 12 feet inside diameter at bottom, with Iron and appurtenances complete. Engine to be capable of delivering 40,000,000 gallons of water per day, and ready for service by the 1st of January, 1869.

Plans of the engines and boilers can be seen, and specifications with form of proposal and contract can be obtained upon application at the Engineer's office, at the Water Works, Bissell's Point.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a bond with two sureties in the penal sum of one hundred thousand dollars, conditioned that the party to whom the contract may be awarded will enter into contract and give bond with sureties as required by the Board within ten days after notice of the acceptance of his bid.

The Board reserve the right to reject any or all bids if they deem it for the interest of the city so to do. The Engineer's estimate of the above work is $300,000.

By order of the Board

de24:31 ERIC E. BUDD, President.

VASES,

COLOGNE SETS,

FANCY CHINA,

Parian Statuettes,

BOHEMIAN GLASS

And other STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS, in great variety.

For The Holidays.

100 Wood Street.

RICHARD E. BREED & CO.

de15

CONFECTIONERY.

MRS. R. C. NEEPER,

(SUCCESSOR TO MRS. S. A. MORGAN,)

Baker & Confectioner,

Corner of Smithfield Street and Diamond Alley,

CANDIES, CANDIES, CANDIES.

FRUIT CAKES, PIES and all kinds of FANCY CAKES, On a short notice. POUND CAKES, JELLY CAKES, FRUIT CAKES, manufactured to order at short notice.

A splendid ICE CREAM and OYSTER SALOON has been fitted up expressly for ladies.

Just received, a large variety of handsome

FRENCH BOXES FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

Remember the place,

MRS. R. C. NEEPER.

Corner Diamond alley and Smithfield St.

de19:172

HO! FOR CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEARS!

Fine Confections, Nuts and Candies for the Holidays!

I. N. SIEMON.

Baker and Confectioner,

109 Federal Street, Allegheny City.

Tea Cakes, Pies, and all kinds of COMMON and FANCY CAKES, fresh every day. POUND CAKES, JELLY CAKES and FRUIT CAKES manufactured for parties at short notice.

CALL AND SEE ME.

I. N. SIEMON,

109 Federal Street,

de21:167WFT ALLEGHENY CITY.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

WE ARE NOW

READY FOR THE HOLIDAYS,

With a large and select assortment of Bismarck, Grecian, Oxonian and Metropolitan

SUITS,

for BOYS, YOUTHS and CHILDREN.

OVERCOATS, all styles and sizes, in great variety.

GRAY & LOGAN,

No. 47 St. Clair Street.

GREAT REDUCTION

IN PRICES!

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

25 FIFTH STREET.

Offer DRESS GOODS, CLOTH AND VELVET SACQUES, BROCHE SHAWLS, LACE GOODS, &c., &c.,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
de21

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

REINEMAN,
MEYRAN
& SIEDLE,

Jewelers,

42 FIFTH STREET,

BEG LEAVE TO ANNOUNCE that owing to the destruction, by fire, on Friday morn'g, of their New Store No. 42 Fifth street, they will not be able to open out on MONDAY, December 16th, as previously announced, but would inform their friends and the public in general that their new and unusually large and elegant stock of fine

GOLD AND SILVER GOODS,

WATCHES, DIAMONDS,

CLOCKS, PLATED WARE, &C.,

That were designed especially for the new store will now be opened out at our present location,

No. 29 Fifth Street,

NEXT TO BANK BLOCK.

And in order to give our patrons facilities to examine our

IMMENSE NEW STOCK,

We have immediately enlarged our present store, where we would invite the public to call and examine our GOODS AND PRICES before purchasing elsewhere.

As it will probably take three months to refit the store, and not having room for our large stock, we will sell everything at

Greatly Reduced Prices.

de24:167

1867 1868.

Christmas and New Year!

DAVIS, CLARKE & CO.,

93 Wood Street,

HAVE NOW OPENED A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW AND

Elegantly Illustrated

HOLIDAY BOOKS.

Fine London and American Editions of

Standard Authors,

Children's Books, &c.,

in Plain and Fine Bindings.

BAGSTER'S AND OTHER FINE EDITIONS OF

THE BIBLE.

Bibles, Hymn Books, Prayer Books.

English and American Editions

BAGSTER BIBLES,

All the editions, ranging in price from $1 50 to $25 00

Swiss Carved Goods,
Card Receivers,
Match and Cigar Boxes,
Jewel Cases,
Paper Knives, &c.,

NEW AND VERY UNIQUE

Writing Desks and Portfolios,
Handkerchief and Glove Boxes,

VERY HANDSOME AND OFFERED AT LOW PRICES

Juvenile Books, Toy Books, Games, &c

OLIVER OPTIC BOOKS,
ALDEN'S LITTLE
HANS ANDERSEN
GUNDREDS SERIES,
GLEN ROCKS SERIES,
MAYNE REID'S SERIES,
and others,

With Upwards 2,000 Single Volumes.

Marbelle and Croquet Boards,
Parlor Croquet alleys,
The Zoetrope, or Wheel of Life,
Chess and Checker Boards,

Portmonaies,
Pocket Books,
Fancy Glass Inkstands,
And Ivory Rollers,
Etc., Etc.

de2:164

TWELFTH LIST OF APPLICATIONS to sell Liquors, filed in the Clerk's Office.

PITTSBURGH.

Albert Uhlman, tavern, 1st ward;
Fred. Schild, oyster goods, 1st ward;
Geo Hanson, tav 24, 2d ward;
Henry M. Fric, eating house 2d ward;
Wm. Hoffman, tavern, 2d ward;
Robert Cargy, eating house 4th ward;
Wm. Vieth, jr, tavern 5th ward;
D. Gerhan, tavern, 5th ward;
Henry Mohs, tavern, 5 h ward;
Paul Deuvers, eating house, 8th ward;
James Guthie, tavern, 9th ward;
C. F. Wood, tavern, 7th ward;
Hugh Hasson, tavern, 8th ward;
Joseph Hoffman, tavern, 8th ward;
Louis Sick, 8th ward, other goods, 8th ward;
A. H. Dierker, tavern, 10th ward.

ALLEGHENY.

Lawrence Sproul, tavern, 2d ward;
P. J. Wood, tavern, 2d ward;
Nicholas Grant, other goods, 2d ward;
Wm. Sturgis, tavern, 3d ward;
Apple & Co., tavern, 7th ward.

BIRMINGHAM.

Philip Smith, tavern, Birmingham;
Bernard Mack, tavern, Birmingham;
H. Dreyer, tavern, Birmingham;
Lowenstein, tavern, McKeesport;
Hugh Gallagher, tavern, McKeesport.

TOWNSHIPS.

Christ. Hendlein, tavern, Reserve tp;
George Fink, saloon house, Manchester;
Thomas Anderson, tavern, Scott;
Richard Ulerich, other goods, Lower St. Clair;
Richard Ulerich, other goods, Lower St. Clair.

The foregoing are the names of those for whose applications on THURSDAY, the 26 day of January next, at 10 o'clock A. M., I will apply to the Court for License.

JOHN G. BROWN, Clerk.

DECEMBER, 20th, 1867. de20:193

SKATES! SKATES! SKATES!

I have received the largest, the cheapest, and the best assortment of

SKATES,

Ever offered in this city. Skates ranging in price, complete, from $1 75, DOUBLES up to HINTY DOLLARS PER PAIR. Also, very super or quality of

LADIES' SKATES

Some of them the finest skates made in America. I have a comfortable room

The Pittsburgh Gazette

GLEANINGS.

—Poor old Rossini is ill.

—Marigold is the new color for silk.

—Pathisic is what troubles the Sultan.

—Stoneless cherries are the latest triumph of pomologists.

—Tuscaloosa, Alabama, has a freedman Justice of the Peace.

—Chase should be called Rienzi—the last of the *Tribune's*—*Boston Post.*

—The Deity that unappreciated pedestrians worship is doubtless Bacchus.

—When was Noah in America? When he was on the Ark and saw.—*Ex.*

—Outside newspapers are to be admitted into France without censorship after New Years Day.

—A quintette was the ante-Christmas present of an Ohio woman to her lord whom she loved.

—It is said that the Arkansas river is so low that a drove of cattle drank it dry at Fort Smith.

—Joe Jefferson, the inimitable Joseph, was married on Friday, in Chicago, to Miss Sarah Warren, of that city.

—A curious optical illusion was noticed in Lee county, Va., recently. Three suns seemed to rise at once.

—A negro in Mobile carries gracefully the cognomen Cui Bono. He was perhaps the real Bones o' the Minstrels.

—It is feared that St. Louis will soon be located two miles from the river, which is rapidly changing its course.

—Blondin fell and broke his arm in Germany recently, and he will owe to Cologne all the ill effects of the accident.

—On Friday last, thirteen newly married couples were at the Sherman House in Chicago, enjoying the mellow radiance of the full honeymoon.

—Gen. Sheridan kissed all the girls in a school of white children the other day, and shortly afterwards visited a colored school, but did not kiss the girls.

—Large quantities of spurious champagne are made in New York of saterne, brandy, rock candy, and some essences, to give bouquet to the mixture.

—Piers for the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad bridge over the river at Des Moines are now up and ready for the superstructure, which will soon be placed in position.

—Beef sells in Cincinnati at fifteen cents per pound and butter at thirty-five. These prices are complained of by the daily papers as being an increase on account of the approach of Christmas.

—We think that Mr. Henry Buntly, of London, is the most tract-able of men. He has just sent nine tons of that class of literature, which excites, but does not cheer, to the Y. M. C. A. of Chicago.

—The Nashvillains are beginning to suffer for their disloyalty during the war. Andy J. is going to live there when he leaves the White House, and they have all the horrors of a year's anticipatory dread.

—A young man of our acquaintance, whose rural father is a little strict, wishes that some enemy would come and sow tares in his father's fields, because it would be so easy to get off on one occasionally.

—A Parisian physician has computed that six cigars a day will shorten a man's life five years. An exchange wants some clear headed mathematician to tell him how many must be taken to kill one on the spot.

—The weight of snow on a building on the river front, in Philadelphia, caused the front wall to fall down; fortunately no one was hurt, and an elegant and substantial building will soon replace the damaged structure.

—The Chinese vote for criminals *eg.* A fire took place in Helena, Montana; the Chinese residents immediately assembled to ballot for the offender, and the one receiving the highest number of votes was declared to be the criminal.

—The Montreal Postmaster has had the heads of all his clerks examined by a phrenologist, and discharged those who were pronounced unsuitable. This has caused some stir, but nothing to what it would if the heads of departments, were all likewise served.

—A fish shanty was burned in Menominee, Wis., last week, and $1,800 worth of nets, a gold watch and a large amount of greenbacks were destroyed. In the same place a young man named George Caldwell, was killed by the accidental discharge of his own gun.

—Weston and the other pedestrians have subsided. They are disgusted probably because a hump back and a woman have outdone them. The Black Crook has run for fifteen months without stopping, and the Grand Duchess has done the same for thirteen weeks.

—An Oneida Indian captured some money at a store in Depere, Wis., the other day, and when the owner demanded restitution, he drew a knife and would have added murder to theft if another Oneida had not seized and disarmed him, getting his hand badly cut in so doing. Oneida number one went to jail.

—The New York *Evening Post* advises a conspicuous uniform for the bank messengers, so that if one be attacked every one will know that he is a bank messenger, and thus rendering it a piece of remarkable hardihood on the part of any one to attempt the robbery. Bright red coat and cap is suggested as an appropriate uniform.

—Mr. F. Poole, an Englishman of wealth, a geologist and an engineer, has, during the last eight years, paddled his own canoe more than twenty thousand miles, eighteen thousand of which were in British North America. His canoe is of birch bark, and is fifteen feet six inches in length, three feet six inches in width, weighs sixty pounds, and was made by Canadian Indians.

—A little girl named Whaley, who lived in Cincinnati, fell backwards into a tub of scalding water, near which she had been playing, on Thursday last. Her screams drew her mother quickly to her rescue, but the child was in a sort of flayed condition, the skin being scalded from her head, neck and shoulders, besides it is feared some internal injuries from having swallowed some of the water.

—A Belgian was found wounded and frozen on board of a dredge in the Chicago river some days ago, and before medical assistance could be procured he expired. On an official investigation it transpired that he had been last seen in a saloon, and that he then had a pocket-book well filled with him. This was not on his corpse, and those hard worked men the Chicago police have arrested a young man as his robber and murderer, and he is now in jail.

—We recently, in crossing the bridge, heard a young woman laughing at some one for having said that "she hadn't ought to have" done so and so, and the said young woman derided this as a "grammatical error." To say that you hadn't ought to do anything is certainly an error, one not as bad as some others, but still a breach of grammar, but to call it a "grammatical error" is a thing which we can not unite with the same young woman in doing, simply because we do not think any error in grammar can be grammatical.

—We notice that many of our exchanges are recommending our street railways to adopt the European system of warming their cars with tin tubes filled with hot water. This is an excellent idea and it would be an immense advance towards comfort if adopted. For the longer routes hot water would become cold before the journey was completed, and for such we would suggest sand, which retains the heat longer, and which has almost altogether superceded hot water on the cars in Continental Europe. One of these tubes filled with sand remains warm for hours and is just as easily replenished as one.

NOTICES.

AN ADJOURNED MEETING of the Stockholders of the Cumberson Run Oil Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 19 Irwin street Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, Dec. 24, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of electing directors to serve during the ensuing year. By order of the Board.
dc21d3t JOHN S. SPILE, Jr., Secy.

NOTICE.—PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK OF PITTSBURGH, No. 83 Fourth street. Capital, $100,000. Deposits made in this Bank before January 1st, 1868, will bear interest from that date.
JAMES M. LLOYD, President.
WM. HEMPHILL JEWA, Vice President.
JOHN S. ELY, Secretary and Treasurer.—F. VON BONNHORST.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PITTSBURGH, December 16th, 1867.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION of Directors of this Bank will be held at the Bank, on
TUESDAY, January 14th, 1868,
Between the hours of 11 o'clock A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M.
dc19 3td J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, December 16, 1867.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION for nine Directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on
TUESDAY, January 14th, 1868,
Between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
dc16 3td W. W. MACKEY, Cashier.

MANUFACTURERS AND MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, December 16th, 1867.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION for Directors of this Bank will take place at the Banking House, on
TUESDAY, January 14th, 1868,
Between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
dc16 3td JOHN MCKEE, Jr., Cashier.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, Pittsburgh, Dec. 13th, 1867.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION for Directors, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 14th, 1868, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
dc14 3td JOHN B. LIVINGSTON, Cashier.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, Dec. 16, 1867.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION for THREE Directors to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the Banking House, on
TUESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1868,
Between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
dc14 3td S. SMITH, Cashier.

MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, Dec. 19, 1867.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION for Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, Jan. 14th, 1868, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M.
dc18 3td JNO. G. MARTIN, Cashier.

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, Dec 7, 1867.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION for eleven Directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House on TUESDAY, January 7th, 1868, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M.
W. W. STICK, Vice President.

PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh Dec. 7, 1867.
AN ELECTION for Eleven Directors of this Bank, will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 14, 1868, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
F. M. GORDON, Cashier.

CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, Pittsburgh, December 7, 1867.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION for Nine Directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 14th, 1868, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M.
JOS. H. HILL, Cashier.

IRON CITY NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, Pittsburgh, December 7th, 1867.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house, on
TUESDAY, January 14th, 1868,
Between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M.
dc9 3td J. MACFARLAND, Cashier.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION of Directors for the EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, Will take place at the Banking House, between the hours of eleven A. M. and two P. M., on TUESDAY, the 14th day of JANUARY, 1868,
H. M. MUSGRAY, Cashier.
Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 7th, 1867. dc7 15

OFFICE OF ALLEGHENY OIL WORKS, No. 43 Market street, Pittsburgh.
NOTICE is HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership between THOMAS J. BRERETON, JOHN T. JOHNSTON and H. B. WILKINS, under the style of
Brereton, Johnston & Wilkins,
Was dissolved on the 29th day of November, 1867, by the withdrawal of JOHN T. JOHNSTON.
All debts due to and by the said partnership will be settled by the remaining partners, who will continue the business under the firm and style of BRERETON & WILKINS.
T. J. BRERETON,
J. T. JOHNSTON,
H. B. WILKINS.
PITTSBURGH, Dec. 16, 1867. dtc19

UNION PACIFIC R. R. CO.
NOTICE.
THE COUPONS OF
THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
OF THE
Union Pacific Railroad Company,
DUE JANUARY 1ST, 1895
Will be paid on and after that date,
IN GOLD COIN,
FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX,
At the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau street, New York.
dc16 18t JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A COUGH, A COLD, OR A SORE THROAT requires immediate attention, and should be checked. If allowed to continue,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption,

Is often the result.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases, Troches are used with always good success.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Obtain only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the WORTHLESS IMITATIONS that may be offered.
By all DRUGGISTS.

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS
AND
SHEET IRON WORKERS,
Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.
Repairing done on the shortest notice. tc6ex1

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,
(Successors to ROBINSON, MEHS & MILLER,)
WASHINGTON WORKS,
Founders and Machinists, Pittsburgh,
Manufacturers of Coal and Steamboat Stem Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
Office: No. 12 corner First and Smithfield Sts.
Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers. tall1yr62

LAKE SUPERIOR
COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS.
PITTSBURGH.
PARK, McCURDY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Copper Boilers, Also Importers and Dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Consolidated in 1865, and have the best Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 139 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.
Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. myl6:dcmd6w7

THE HEALING POOL.
AND HOUSE OF MERCY.
HOWARD ASSOCIATION REPORTS, FOR YOUNG MEN, on the CRIME OF SOLITUDE, and the ERRORS, ABUSES and MISFORTUNES which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to MARRIAGE, with plain means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.
se20-d&T

QUINCY A. SCOTT,
DENTIST,
NO. 278 PENN STREET,
mh26:ly62 PITTSBURGH.

AUCTION SALES.

BY SMITHSON PALMER & CO.

SUPERIOR FURNITURE, CARPETS, &C.,
AT AUCTION,
On MONDAY, Dec. 23d, at 10 a. m., at the private residence, No. 193 Third street, above Grant street, will be sold the entire furniture of household (family leaving the city), containing mahogany 8 8. parlor and reception chamber tete-a-tetes, marble top tables, mantle mirrors, sofas, rocking chairs, parlor, chamber and hall carpets, stair rods, dining and kitchen tables, bureaus and washstands, bedsteads and bedding, cap oards, crockery, glassware, cookstove, ice chest, fenders, stair carpets, oil cloths, mattresses, &c.
SMITHSON, PALMER & CO., Aucts.
dc23 55 and 57 Fifth street.

BY A. McILWAINE.

VALUABLE BANK STOCKS, &c.—TUESDAY EVENING, December 24th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, on the second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 84 Fifth street:
25 shares Manchester Savings Bank.
15 shares Penn national bank.
15 shares Commercial National bank.
16 shares Keystone Savings Bank.
16 shares Pittsburgh Coal and Coke Co.
12 shares Pittsburgh Gas & Steam Coal Co.
16 shares Fruit House Association
300 shares Warren Co. Petroleum Co.
$2 5 6 Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R. Bonds.
dc23 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

LITHOGRAPHERS.

BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS
SINGERLY & CLEIS,
(Successors to Geo. F. Schmeltzman & Co.,)
PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS,
THE ONLY STEAM LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT NOW IN THE MOUNTAINS.
Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Drafts, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 74 and 76 Third st., Pittsburgh.

CHAS. A. MILLER,
LITHOGRAPHER,
No 80 FOURTH ST., Apollo Building.
CHECKS DRAFTS, NOTES, BILL and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles.
ap10:3tdcd

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT
OF
PENNSYLVANIA.
HARRISBURG, DEC. 18, 1867.
TO THE HOLDERS OF THE
LOANS
OF THE
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Due July 1st, 1868.
THE FOLLOWING
LOANS,
Due July 1st, 1868,
WILL BE REDEEMED, WITH INTEREST TO DATE OF PAYMENT, ON PRESENTATION AT THE
Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank,
OF
PHILADELPHIA,
VIZ:
Loan of March 27th, 1839, due July 1st, 1868.
Loan of July 19th, 1839, due July 1st, 1868.
INTEREST ON THE ABOVE LOANS WILL CEASE ON THE 1st OF JULY, 1868.
FRANCIS JORDAN, Sec'y of State.
JOHN F. HARTRANFT, Asst. General.
W. H. KEMBLE, State Treasurer.
Commissioners of Sinking Fund.

HARRIS & EWING,
Wholesale Druggists,
Cor. of Liberty & Wayne Sts.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
City and Country Trade Solicited.
dec22

SUGAR TOYS FOR HOLIDAYS.
A LARGE STOCK, WE WILL SELL
As Low as any House in the City,
SHEPHARD'S
Steam Confectionery,
317 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

ESTABLISHED IN 1842.
J. T. WRAY & BROS.,
SUCCESSORS TO M. CONNOLLY,
STEAM CRACKER BAKERY,
29 and 31 Irwin Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
se30:3

FIRST CLASS LOOKING GLASS AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY.
J. LYONS,
No. 110 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
Keeps on hand and manufactures to order, the FINEST STYLE OF GILT, ROSEWOOD and WALNUT, OVAL and SQUARE MIRROR FRAMES and PICTURE FRAMES, Curtain Cornice, Bands and Buttons, Cassels, Tripod and Bracket Tables of exquisite design and workmanship.
GILDING AND REGILDING executed in the highest style of the art.
PRICES MODERATE. no8:ah1ww8

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,
PITTSBURGH
White Lead and Color Works,
Manufacturers of
WHITE AND RED LEAD,
ZINC, PUTTY, BLUE LEAD,
And MASTIC'S VERDITER GREEN,
And all colors dry or in oil.
Office, No. 67 FOURTH STREET.
Factory, Nos. 450, 452, 454, 456 and 458 Penn Street and 49, 51 and 53 Lacock street, Allegheny. se7

F. W. C. FELD,
DEALER IN
GLUE, CURLED HAIR,
Tanners' Scraps, Cercons,
CATTLE TAILS,
Bones, Neat's Foot Oil, &c.,
Office and Warehouse—No. 124 SMITHFIELD STREET, (nearly opposite the Post Office.)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,
STOCK AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS
AND AUCTIONEERS.
Are prepared to sell at Auction, Stocks, Bonds, and all Kinds of Securities, Real Estate, Household Furniture, &c., either on the premises or at the board of Trade Rooms.
Particular attention paid, as heretofore, to the sale of Real Estate at private sale.
Sales of Real Estate in the country attended.
Office, 154 FOURTH STREET.

MEANOR & HARPER,
FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE
Commission Merchants,
329 LIBERTY ST., PITTSBURGH.
Consignments solicited.
REFERENCES:—J. G. Martin, Cashier Mechanics National bank. J. D. Dilworth & Co. W. Kennedy & Bro.

MARTIN LIEBLER,
DEALER IN
HATS, CAPS AND FURS,
Also, Manufacturer Wholesale and Retail Dealer in TRUNKS, VALISES, &c.,
No. 132 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Orders promptly filled, and satisfaction guaranteed.

J. D. MATTHEWS,
STAMP AND STENCIL CUTTER,
231 Liberty Street, opposite Wood.
BRANDING IRONS, STAMPS AND STENCIL MARKING PLATES, ALPHABETS AND FIGURES on Steel or Copper, at shortest notice and the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.* We defy competition.
AGENTS WANTED. no22:ly44

WE WILL KEEP ON HAND and make to order all kinds of Spring and plain WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS, WHEELBARROWS, TRUCKS, LOCUST HUBS, and SPOKES, HAY RAKES and FORKS,
At DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS, near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City.
jan1:ly67 WM. SCHWENK & CO.

IRON WORK FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY WORK HOUSE.
Proposals will be received until the 10TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1868, for the Cast and Wrought Iron required in the erection of the above building, in accordance with samples and detailed plans and specifications exhibited at the office of Barr & Moser, architects, No. 5 St. Clair st.
GEO. ALBREE, Secretary.
Cor. Wood and Fourth sts., Pittsburgh.
H. S. FLEMING, } Committee.
W. S. BISSELL, }
de6:17

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

SLEIGH ROBES,
SLEIGH LININGS,
NEW STYLES AND NEW PATTERNS.
Just opened to-day, the finest assortment, the largest stock and cheapest priced
ROBES,
IN THIS MARKET.
Bright and Handsome DRUGGETS and FELT-BACKED Linings; CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c., at still LOWER PRICES.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & COMPANY,
No. 38 FIFTH STREET.
de17

1867. **WINTER STOCK.** 1867.
CARPETS,
MATTINGS, OIL CLOTH,
WINDOW SHADES,
DRUGGETS,
MEDALLION DRUGGETS,
MATS AND RUGS,
TABLE AND PIANO COVERS,
ALL-WOOL INGRAIN.
A good assortment, at VERY LOW PRICES.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 Fifth Street,
de7 (OVER BATES & HELL'S.)

CARPETS AT COST.
For a Short Time.
PREPARATORY TO TAKING STOCK
A Very Large Assortment of
OIL CLOTHS,
Window Shades,
HOLLANDS,
AND
Cheap All-Wool Ingrains.
McCALLUM BROS.,
51 Fifth Street, above Wood.
no30

NEW FALL STOCK
OF
CARPETS.
McFARLAND & COLLINS
OFFER TO CASH BUYERS
BARGAINS AT RETAIL.
Nos. 71 and 73 Fifth Street,
NEXT TO UNITED STATES CUSTOM HOUSE,
SECOND FLOOR.
oc31:TTS:6AWT.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

BARRED FLANNEL!
THE WELL KNOWN
KITTANNING
BARRED FLANNEL,
IN Black and Red,
AND
BLACK AND WHITE.
A LARGE STOCK,
AT MANUFACTURERS PRICES!
M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.,
54 Wood Street.
THE GREAT SALE
STILL CONTINUES,
AT
77 and 79 Market Street.
NEW GOODS
JUST ARRIVING.
Bought very low, and which will be offered at VERY LOW PRICES. Call and see the
French Corsets at $1.
NOW IS THE TIME TO
PROCURE BARGAINS,
As we are determined to close out our present stock before the New year.
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.
de7

1867. **FALL TRADE.** 1867.
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
DRY GOODS,
No. 115 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh,
Offer at Eastern prices Dress Goods, Prints, Ginghams Checks Jeans, Tweeds, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, P. K. Cashmeres, Flannels, Shawls, Skirts, White Goods, Bleached and Brown Domestics, a full line of Notions and Small Goods, paired Flannels, of Eastern and home manufacture.
Wool Hats, for FULLERTON'S FREE-PORT BARRED FLANNELS, CRAIG'S GREENVILLE BARRED FLANNELS, and COUNTRY BLANKETS, sole agents on commission, at MILL PRICES. A full line in all departments.
Buyers are invited to call and examine our Goods and Prices.
C. ARBUTHNOT.....W. T. SHANNON.
J. G. STEPHENSON.
CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third house above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

CONFECTIONERIES, &c.

HENRY W. BORBACH,
Confectionery and Bakery,
No. 200 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Between Seventh and Liberty.
LADIES' OYSTER SALOON attached.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c., furnished with the best
ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARIES, CAKES, FRUITS, &c.
At the lowest price and on the shortest notice, by
JULIUS RICKETER
No. 16 DIAMOND, Allegheny.
de23:m6

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—Two Lots, each 30 by 100 feet, on Warren street, between Redfern and Webster street; on which is erected a one and a half story frame Dwelling and basement kitchen. On said lots is a well of good standing water, and a number of fruit trees, &c., which will be sold very low for cash, or exchanged for a small farm within 81 to 30 miles of this city, near the line of a railroad.
Also, the best Hotel in the Borough of Indiana, the county seat of Indiana county, Pa. This is a large four story brick building, of 56 rooms and a basement under the whole house, and is situated on the corner of Philadelphia and City Property, on a lot 66 by 80 feet; and on said premises is a frame house 24 by 60 feet, used as a wood house in the lower story and brill room above; also, a frame stable 60 by 60 feet; also, a barn, 60 by 80 feet, on which is a large frame stable, used as a livery stable. The whole property has recently been painted and repaired throughout, and is one of the best locations for a pub lic house in Western Pa., and will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.
Also, a Farm of 162 acres, at half price, to a cash customer. This farm is in Derry township, Westmoreland county, Pa., within two miles of Latrobe, a station on the Pennsylvania R. R., 170 acres of cleared land, under good fencing, the residue 92 acres in good white oak, black oak, & chesty, black walnut and locust timber. This is a first rate farm, in a high state of cultivation, with good and comfortable buildings, a frame house of 8 rooms; large barn, 50 by 85 feet, and has coal and limestone upon the whole tract, and is convenient to churches, schools, mills, &c.
For further particulars, apply to or address
G. M. TOWER,
de17 Real Estate Agent, 154 Fourth St.

2,000,000 ACRES
OF
CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE,
BY THE
Union Pacific Railway Co,
EASTERN DIVISION,
Lying along the line of their road, at
$1.00 to $5.00 Per Acre,
And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.
For particulars, maps, &c., address
JOHN P. DEVEREUX,
Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas.
Or, CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,
St. Louis, Missouri.
au14

WASHINGTON CO. FARM.
FOR SALE—A tract of 400 acres, of which 200 is cleared, and the remainder covered with fine white oak timber, situated in West Finley township, Washington county, Pa., 6 miles south of West Alexander, and 8 miles from Hanoytown. Is convenient to churches and schools. Has one log house, new stable and grain houses; an orchard of eight acres of young apples, pears, peaches, plums, &c. Good water in every field.
APPLY TO
S. S. BRYAN,
Broker in Stock and Real Estate,
au17 Apollo Building, Fourth street.

FRAME COTTAGE,
SITUATE IN MT. WASHINGTON,
Within 25 minutes' walk of the Monongahela bridges. The house contains five rooms, kitchen, cellar and trunk. Lot 100 feet front by 160 feet deep, fronting on three streets. On the rear is a lot 40 feet front by 160 feet deep, of different varieties, with all kinds of shrubbery, such as gooseberries, currants, &c., also some grapes, pears, currants; a so, peach, pear, apple, quince and cherry trees, all in bearing. Apply at
STEEL & WILSON,
Brokers and Real Estate Agents,
No. 66 Smithfield street.
de3:ed

FOR SALE OR RENT, CHEAP—A FARM adjoining Manifold, on the Central Railroad, containing 125 acres, improvements, two houses and stables, good orchards; all in pasture and good for cattle and sheep, several other Farms, in good localities and well improved, one of 100 acres, on the Pittsburgh & Steubenville R. R. Also, a number of good building lots in the city and suburbs.
For further particulars inquire of
WILLIAM WARD,
no20:ed 110 Grant street, opposite the Cathedral.

A COAL WORKS FOR SALE, capable of running 15,000 bushels daily, including tenant houses, store house, sale, wagon, blacksmith and all the necessary fixtures for a large business and immediate operation. There are 60 acres of coal, it is one of the most valuable works on the Monongahela river; will be sold low and on good terms.
Apply to W. A. HERRON, Real Estate Office, No. 60 Grant, corner Court House.
no27

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE, situated at corner of Duncan and Soho Streets, Pittsburgh, will be sold by the foot, extending to an alley. Frame house, two stories high, of five rooms; good cellar; large porch in front; hydrant water on third. Price $4,700.
Apply to E. SELDEN & CO.,
oc23 12 Fourth street.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
CORNER THIRD AND WOOD STREETS
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)
DEALERS IN
Exchange, Coin, Coupons,
And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
GOVERNMENT BONDS.
SIGHT DRAFTS ON LONDON.

N. HOLMES & SONS,
BANKERS,
No. 57 Market Street,
PITTSBURGH.
Deposits received in Par Funds and Currency. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.
Stocks, Bonds and Other Securities
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
U. S. Securities,
Including U. S. SIXES OF 1881;
do. do. 5-20's;
U. S. FIVES 10-40's.
U. S. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
Orders and Vouchers bought or collected.
ja3:ly

KEYSTONE SAVINGS BANK,
293 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
THIS BANK WILL OPEN A
General Banking Business,
AT THEIR NEW BANKING-HOUSE, ON
Monday, November 18th, inst.
Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Merchants are invited.
Collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.
Interest allowed on Time Deposits.
UNITED STATES SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD.
GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

WESTERN SAVINGS BANK,
No. 59 Fourth Street.
CHARTERED 1866.
Interest Paid on Time Deposits.
Any sum received from One Dollar upward.
Deposits subject to Check, without Interest.
DISCOUNT DAILY, AT 12 O'CLOCK.
President—THOMPSON BELL.
Vice President—A. M. MARSHALL.
DIRECTORS.
THOMPSON BELL, J. J. GILLESPIE,
JOHN H. DALZELL, A. M. MARSHALL,
JOS. ALBREE.
Stockholders to whom we make
REFERENCE:
Wm. Forsythe, Joseph Dilworth,
Wm. Caldwell, Rev. David Kerr,
Wm. Phillips, Henry Lambert,
D. W. C. Bidwell, A. M. Brown,
E. M. Fulton, Thos. Ewing.

ALLEGHENY
SAVINGS BANK,
ALLEGHENY, PA.
Organized in 1845.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE
Deposits received and six per cent. interest allowed on time deposits. Particular attention given to Collections, and proceeds promptly remitted. Discount Days—Monday and Thursday.
DIRECTORS.
G. Weitach, J. Z. Stockdale,
A. Ackley, Frank Vivian,
Alexander Morse, D. Gehaven,
JAS. L. GRAHAM, President.
JOHN W. RIDDLE, Cashier.

S. S. BRYAN,
BROKER IN
BONDS, STOCKS,
AND REAL ESTATE,
Apollo Building, Fourth St.
Bank, Insurance and Municipal Bonds, and all kinds of Stocks bought and sold on commission. Mortgages bought and sold. no28

REMOVAL.
GREAT SALE AT COST!
My large stock of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS is offered at cost for 1 month, preparatory to moving into my new building, No. 136 SMITHFIELD ST., between Fifth and Diamond streets, and will dispose of my present stock at VERY LOW PRICES.
JOHN ZWEIBINGER,
oct8 :2m3 No. 140 Smithfield street.

H. K. SYLES.....F. F. ROBINSON.
TYLER & ROBINSON
(Successors to JAMES CHARLES,)
MANUFACTURERS OF
LOG PUMPS,
And all kinds of WOODEN TURNING; corner of WEST and THIRD Streets, Allegheny City, (by rail promptly executed to. Repairing done on the shortest notice.
PERRY BONHAM,
PUMP MAKER,
And manufacturer of all kinds of WOODEN TURNING, No. 32 THIRD STREET, Allegheny City, Pa.
N. B.—Special attention given to the manufacture of LOG PUMPS. ly31:c78

OIL WORKS & COMPANIES

EUREKA OIL WORKS,
Manufacturers of
Eureka Carbon Oil,
THE CELEBRATED
Sperm Lubricating Oils,
CHEMICAL LINSEED OIL,
Wholesale Dealers in
Crude, Refined and Lubricating Oils;
Lard, Sperm, Whale and Fish Oils.
R. C. MACHESNEY, Agent,
19 Irwin Street,
PITTSBURGH.

WARING & KING,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND BROKERS IN
Petroleum and its Products,
Dalzell's Block, Duquesne Way,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS:
WARING, KING & CO.,
137 Walnut St., Phila

H. M. LONG & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PURE WHITE BURNING OIL,
Brand—"LUCIFER."
Office, No. 2 Duquesne Way,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

TACK BROTHERS,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND BROKERS IN
Petroleum and its Products,
PITTSBURGH OFFICE—De Pelle Building corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin street.
PHILADELPHIA OFFICE—137 Walnut st, ap13:ly69

EAGLE OIL WORKS,
Lawrenceville.
WIGHTMAN & ANDERSON,
Refiners and Dealers in
PETROLEUM,
OFFICE, SECOND STORY, CORNER HANCOCK STREET AND DUQUESNE WAY.
J. G. RUPPUM. C. A. KEHEW. W. H. WHITEHEAD

SOHO OIL WORKS,
Manufacture and have for sale all kinds of
LUBRICATING OILS,
No. 127 ST. CLAIR STREET,
BUFFUM, KEHEW & CO.

PLUMBING, GAS FITTING.

JAMES CAVANAGH.....R. B. EWENS, JR.
CAVANAGH & CO.,
NO. 114 LIBERTY STREET.
(Opposite Hare's Hotel.)
PRACTICAL PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS
Ale and Beer Pumps, Hydrants, Pumps, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Sinks, Wash Stands, Hose Hose, &c. Prompt and particular attention given to repairing in city and country.

P. L. ATWOOD.....BENJ. JONES. J. M'CAFFREY.
ATWOOD & M'CAFFREY,
BRASS FOUNDERS,
STEAM AND GAS FITTERS.
Cor. of 3rd and Liberty Streets,
Above Carroll & Snyder's, Pittsburgh, Penna.
Light and Heavy Castings furnished promptly to order.
Special attention paid to the fitting out and repairing of Oil Refineries, Steamboats, Rolling Mills, &c., &c.
Agents for A. S. Cameron & Co.'s
STEAM PUMPS
AND
BLOWER ENGINES.
These Pumps have superior advantages over all others, and every one is warranted to give satisfaction. Pumps constantly on hand. se28:ly

JOHN M. COOPER.....JOS. KAYE.....HENRY BIER.
JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,
BRASS FOUNDERS,
Steam and Gas Fitters,
Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK of every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.
Corner of Pike and Walnut Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
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PAIN

The Pittsburgh Gazette

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—Marietta Ravel, the pleasing French artiste, made her first appearance at the Opera House last evening to a large and brilliant audience. M. Ravel, beyond doubt, is an artiste in her profession, such an one as is calculated to please the million. Her engagement commenced with the "French Spy," in which she appears in the three leading characters. The piece is an interesting one, and was well rendered, not only by M. Ravel, but by all the company. An unusually interesting bill will be presented to-night, and the house will doubtless be again crowded to its utmost capacity.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—A large and fashionable audience attended the Academy of Music, last evening, to witness the great Millonian Tableaux, and all present were delighted with the grand and imposing spectacles presented. The exhibition will continue during the week, and no one should miss seeing it.

MASONIC HALL.—This evening, at Masonic Hall, will commence the great Panoramic Exhibition of the visions of St. John, as recorded in Revelations, entitled the "Apocalypse."

CITY HALL.—The Universalist Fair a City Hall was thronged last evening with the youth and beauty of the city. It will open to-night new attractions. The promenade which takes place each evening from ten to twelve o'clock is a decided success. It is conducted in the most orderly manner, and is certainly a delightful place to spend an evening.

THE RINK.—The Skating Rink appears to be the most popular place of amusement in the city. It is crowded nightly with the *elite* of the city. The manager is untiring in his efforts to render it a pleasant and agreeable place of amusement, and we think all who have favored the place with a visit will agree with us in saying his efforts have been crowned with success.

ASHLAND HALL.—To-morrow (Christmas) night a grand ball will be given at Ashland Hall. The Committee of Arrangements is determined to leave nothing undone that would in any way add to the enjoyment of the occasion, and the managers, Messrs. Meredith and Carroll, are accommodating and agreeable fellows, and will see to the comfort of guests.

Assault and Battery.—Mary Sands made information before Alderman Thomas, charging Patrick Hughes with assault and battery. The prosecutrix alleges that the defendant caught hold of her and attempted to take improper liberties with her. A warrant was issued, the defendant arrested and held to bail for his appearance at Court.

John Lewis made information before Alderman Thomas, charging Ella Flinn with assault and battery. The prosecutor alleges that the defendant used abusive language toward him and threw a bucket of water upon him. The defendant was arrested and held to bail for a further hearing on Thursday next.

Larceny by Bailee.—Anna Young, a widow, who keeps a boarding house in Temperanceville, made information before Alderman McMasters, charging Samuel Glenn with larceny by bailee. She alleges that Glenn was one of her boarders, and that on Wednesday evening he borrowed a shirt and handkerchief for the purpose of attending a party, and, it appears, failed to return either himself or the property. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

Malicious Mischief.—James Hutchinson made information before Alderman McMasters, yesterday, charging Nancy Harper with malicious mischief. The parties are neighbors and live at the cooper works. He alleges that she broke down his gate, and when he attempted to put it up she threatened to blow his brains out. He also made information against her for surety of the peace. She was arrested and held for a hearing.

Committed.—Ed. Tiernan made information before Mayor McCarthy, charging John Hays with assault and battery. He was arrested and, after a hearing, committed to jail in default of the required bail for his appearance at Court.

—As usual, the New York *News* has some rough jokes:

What is the legitimate punishment of one who listens at a keyhole? Why, to catch a keyhold'r in the head.

These be hard times for the gentlemen who expect to live by the sweat of his brow.

An Illinois editor proposes to "board round" with his non-paying subscribers. Is boarding "round" their only means of getting a "square meal?"

A fossil human foot has just been placed in the rooms of the New Jersey Historical Society, at Newark. It is supposed to have belonged to a late governor.

Fifty men own all the land in England. The other half own the whole.

Although the Canal Commissioners have revoked the resolution directing the closing of the canals on the 15th inst., the weather has again become cold and the canals are filled with ice. The canal pays no attention to such canaille as the Commissioners.

—A California editor, participating in a debate as to the best method of building a certain bridge, objected to a coffer dam for making the piers. He said he early formed a prejudice against the thing. His uncle once had a cow choked with a turnip, and for a long time it was thought she would coffer dam head off.

—A writer in *Putnam's Magazine* for January says that, during the past four years, "more important legislation has been moulded by a single mind from Thaddeus Stevens than Webster's most brilliant oration ever discussed."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

IMMENSE SUCCESS OF the GRAT original

MILTONIAN TABLEAUX

From London, England!

ACADEMY OF MUSIC PACKED TO ITS UTMOST CAPACITY.

OPEN AGAIN TO-NIGHT, and every night this week only.

MATINEE CHRISTMAS AFTERNOON.

Observe the low prices of admission:
Parquet and Dress Circle only.....35 cts.
Family Circle.....25 cts.
Call for.....
Reserved Seats in Parquet and Dress Circle.....50 cts.
Admission to Matinee, all parts of House.....25 cts.
Children.....5 cts.
Reserved Seats can be secured without extra charge for any night during the week at C. C. Mellor's music store, No. 75 Fifth street, where a diagram of the house can be seen every day from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
A. M. MOORHEAD, Manager.
JOHN ROTH, ...F. ROTH

JOHN ROTH & SON,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

WINES, BRANDIES, GINS, RUMS,

WHISKIES &c. &c.,

807 Liberty Street

OPPOSITE SMITHFIELD STREET.

Now leave to inform their friends and the public in general that they have opened their wholesale store, and are now ready to receive orders in their line, to the satisfaction of all who will favor them.

The long and well established reputation of JOHN ROTH & SON is a sufficient guarantee for the superior qualities and purity of their goods, and it will be their aim to support the same.

For medical purposes, particular attention is directed to their large stock of

OLD GERMAN WINE,

And superior qualities of

FRENCH COGNACS.

Orders left at No. 28 DIAMOND, will also be promptly attended to.

JOHN ROTH & SON.

CHANDELIERS,

BRACKETS AND LAMPS,

FOR EITHER GAS OR OIL.

Of latest patterns and best workmanship, at all prices, among which are

12 Light Gas Chandeliers at	.....	$200 00 each.
9 " "	.....	65 00 "
6 " "	.....	45 00 "
3 Light Bracket for Gas	.....	80 00 "
2 " "	.....	70 00 "
2 " "	.....	55 00 "

All of latest patterns and best workmanship.

ALSO, A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Kitchen, Hall and Parlor Lamps,

OPAL AND PAPER SHADES,

GLOBES, &c., &c.,

In quantities to suit purchasers.

ARTHUR KIRK,

172 and 174 Federal St., Allegheny.

SUNDRIES.

100 boxes Goshen Cheese;
75 " " factory do;
100 " " Hamburg do;
100 casks Pearlash;
100 " Soda Ash;
200 bbls. White Lime;
50 " Mackerel, 3 trout White & Fish;
200 pigs Lead;
20 bbls Madder;
30 " Fig Clay;
In store and for sale by
dec CANFIELD & SON.

ON HAND AND TO ARRIVE.

5 bbls. Cuba molasses;
20 bbls. Porto Rico Molasses;
30 " Booth & Edgar Syrup;
50 " Waverley's Syrup;
15 " XX Drips do;
250 " Sugar House do;
25 " Sugar House Sugar;
20 bbls. choice Porto Rico Sugar;
10 " XXX " "
SCHOMAKER & LANG,
172 and 174 Wood st.
no15:dtf

CORN MEAL, HOMINY, BARLEY, &c.

100 bbls. XXX Hominy;
25 " " Corn Meal;
50 " " Kiln Dried Yellow Corn Meal;
200 sacks Barley Feed;
20 Kegs Pearl Barley;
SCHOMAKER & LANG,
For sale by 172 and 174 Wood street.
dec

JAMES DALZELL & SON,

59 and 70 Water Street,

LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,

And dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.

We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best elsewhere, or other brands, and propose to sell as low as Cincinnati or Chicago rates.

Our No. 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.

Black Crude Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.

Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the West. 4:3

CONVERSION OF 7-30'S.

We are now prepared to convert the

SECOND AND THIRD SERIES 7-30's

INTO THE

New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Securities,

Corner Fourth & Wood Streets.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers,

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Cor. Fourth and Smithfield Streets.

We will give holders of JUNE AND JULY SEVEN-THIRTIES the interest at 7 3-10 per cent. to January 1st, and give them in exchange

5-20 *BONDS OF* 1867,

interest IN GOLD at 6 per cent. from that date.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, December 23, 1867.

Gold, though lower to-day, was steady at 132¾ to 133¼. Bonds at the London market experienced a slight advance, in sympathy with the better appreciation of the currency here. The transactions at the gold room are falling off considerably, and those who have sold out a few days ago show a disposition to await further developments and the action of Congress regarding new financial measures.

Money is quite abundant for stock and bond operators, and may lead to a sudden rise in some of the more solid securities and Government bonds; fancy shares and stocks of that description, are not much in favor at present, and are tending downward.

United States securities were somewhat irregular and lower at the first board, but rallied at the noon board, and closed fairly active at a trifle below Saturday's quotations. Seven Thirties are dull and lower. The investment demand of bonds is rather light, and is not likely to improve much before the January settlements are completed.

Stocks are firm, with some demand for the low priced dividend paying stocks. North Western, preferred, advanced from 60 to 70¾, but the common stock declined again from 61¾ to 58¾. A dividend is expected to be made during the coming season on this preferred stock, but the dullness of business will most likely cause a further postponement of dividends on the common stock. A better feeling prevails here since the rivers have become navigable again.

Closing New York quotations, received by Ph. R. Mertz, were as follows:

Gold, 133¼; 5-20s, 1862, 109; 1864, 106¾; 1865, 106¾; Consols, 108; 10-40s, 101¾; 7-30s, 104⅞.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.	87
Merchants Union Express	59¾
Western Union Telegraph	33¾
Erie R. R.	73¾
Pittsburgh Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R.	90
North western Railroad—common	68
Northwestern preferred	86
New York Central	117¾
Ohio and Mississippi Certificates	29¾
Michigan Southern	90¾
Corydon	35
Quartz	1.20
Quicksilver	9

The following statement exhibits the business of the Pittsburgh Clearing House, for the week ending Saturday, December 21st:

Dec. 16	Exchanges.	Balances
" 17	$1,502,434 76	$102,434 87
" 18	507,987 50	56,506 44
" 19	281,579 63	68,207 77
" 20	330,954 39	71,782 10
" 21	275,793 81	47,262 87
	352 515,39	47,971 94
Totals	$1,782,196 36	$394,349 29

—At a convention of railway officers, held in Lynchburg on the 10th inst., several reforms were adopted looking to the interests of the shareholders. Mr. Tate, president of the Memphis and Charleston road, stated:

That the passenger agent at New York informed that the Northern roads, and especially the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, were paying commissions over their counter to associates as they purchased their tickets, and that the passenger agent at New York asks for authority to do the same. Mr. Tate proposed to meet this question at once by dispensing with the commission on tickets altogether sold over this line, and reduce the prices on tickets by this line to points reached by competing lines, so as to give the passengers the full benefit of the reduction now paid to outside agents, and, if necessary, to reduce passenger rates to such competing points to extremely low figures, and keep them there until Northern lines agree to stop this pernicious practice of paying commissions. Mr. Tate offered the following resolution, which was:

Resolved, That this convention of railroads be unalterably opposed to paying commissions to any outstanding side agents for the sale of tickets, and we hereby pledge ourselves to each other to have the same charge to all; we believe the true policy to be adopted to effect that object is to reduce the prices on tickets to a point that will give the public the advantages of such commissions as other lines may at any time be paying to outside agents.

—The New York Commercial says of Government bonds: A considerable amount of bonds, which have been bought by our dealers in Europe, and held there subject to order, have been ordered to be shipped here. This will reduce the supply at London and Frankfort, and will, at the same time, relieve the scarcity of sixty-two's here. The advance of bonds at London to 72 is attributed to these shipments, and a further rise is anticipated among foreign dealers here.

—The Cincinnati *Gazette*, of Saturday, says: Taste is still an active demand for money, and the discount lines of bankers could be increased indefinitely, but they prefer to keep themselves in a strong position so as to be able to meet the heavy checking anticipated for pay ment of taxes. The demand for money is now principally from the pork packing interest and for the payment of taxes, although all branches of business come in for a share. Rates of interest are firm between bankers and their depositors at 6@7 per cent., and the offerings of good paper in the open market are in excess buyers at 15@18 per cent. Money on call commands 1@2 per cent. on government and other approved collaterals.

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, December 24, 1867.

CATTLE.

There was a pretty full supply of cattle on sale to-day, but with an improved demand for stockers, the market was fairly active, and as a general thing, prices were pretty well sustained. As is usual on the eve of the holidays the butchers did not buy as freely as they generally do, which is owing to the fact that poultry will for some weeks to come be cheap, and as a consequence, the demand for beef, pork and mutton is likely to be considerably restricted until after New Years Day has passed. Prime fat cattle, as will be seen by reference to the sales, sold at from 7¼@8¾c, and good butchers cattle may be quoted at 7@7¾c. Stock cattle, for which there was an improved demand, there being quite a number of stock buyers in attendance, sold at from 4¾@6¾c, as to quality and condition. The following is a pretty full report of all the sales:

Myers & Needy report having sold 75 head Ohio cattle at 5 to 6¾; 18 head Chicago stock to Jas. Kennedy at 6¾ to 7¾; 5 head Chicago stock to Simon Moses at 6¾; and sold 90 head stock cattle at 5 to 6¾.

James McAllister sold to Carr Dillon at $4.20 head for Beam at 5 to 6¾; and to C. Logan at 6¾ to 7.

Hammond & Blackstock report having retailed 21 head of Belmont Co., Ohio, cattle for Chas. Shoaner at 5 to 7¾ head On Thos. Parsons at 4 to 6; and 8 head on their own account at 6 to 6¾.

L. Rothschilds sold 28 head at 6 to 7¾; Kraus & Haas, 19 head at 5 to 7¾. Stakely & Co. 17 at 3 to 7.

Paxton wholesaled 19 head Washington Co., Penna., cattle at 6¾. E. Katz reports having sold 23 head scalawags at 3¾ to 5.

Greenwald & Kahn retailed 96 head at 5¾ to 6. Marks & Traurman sold 38 head Ohio cattle at 7c to 7¾; 8 head Penna cattle at 6¾; and 76 head from Chicago at 6¾ to 7¾.

L. Shamberg retailed 15 head for Sellers at 4 to 6¾; 3 for Randolph at 4 to 5; and 18 head on his own account at 3 to 6¾.

Smith & Talmage sold 19 head on commission at 3 to 6. Glass, Lafferty & Co. retailed 40 on commission at 3¾ to 6¾.

N. Carr sold 16 head on commission at 4@5, and 22 head on his own account at 4¾ to 6¾.

Hedges & Taylor sold 19 head for Keener at 4 to 6¾; 22 for Henderson at an average of 5¾, and 20 for Neale at 5 to 5¾.

M. Verner sold 19 head Allegheny Co. cattle at 4 to 6¾.

SHEEP.

There was an exceedingly light supply of Sheep on sale this week, the smallest in number, probably, during any previous week this year, and, as a consequence, the market was firm, and prime fat mutton Sheep brought an advance. The following sales were reported:

Peter Shellermantel sold at head at from 4¾c to 6¾c per head, as to quality.

Landers & Co. had 82 head—sold 19 head of the best at 6¾ per head—the balance brought 6¾c.

John McAllister had 109 head scalawags—sold 31 head at $1.40 per head—offered $1.50 for the balance.

Hogs.

The market for this class of stock was scarcely as active as it was this day week, the retail demand being somewhat restricted, and there was little or nothing done wholesale. In a retail way, quotations may be fairly given at 6¼ to 7c for fair to good, and 7¼ to 8¾c for prime to extra.

Stakely & Co. sold 39 at 6¾ to 7¾.

Rothschilds & Byers 109 at 6¼ to 8¾.

Glass, Lafferty & Co. 14 at 7,30, and expected to get 7 for the balance.

Emerick, Schwartz & Co. report having retailed 200 head since the date of our last report, at 6¾ to 8.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, December 23.—The Dry Goods market continues dull and depressed, with no essential change except in American Prints, which are reduced to 12 cents; other styles steady, however, at 13½c for all the best makes except Cocheco, which is still held at 15½c. The best Prints are selling at 11c, which is relatively lower. Woolen goods are exceedingly dull, and prices rule very low. Foreign goods of all kinds are nominal.

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—Beef Cattle nominal at $4,25@5,00 for common to good steers. Hogs steady and firm, at $5,50@5,75 for common; $5,75@6,35 for fair, and $6,50@6,80 for good to prime.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 133¼.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 23, 1867.

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money is easier at 6 per cent for call loans. Sterling is steady at 10@10½c for gold, first class bills. Gold is a shade easier, opening at 133¼, declining to 133, advancing to 133¼, and closing at 133⅛.

GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

Government Stocks are quiet and steady. Coupons '81, 112¾@112⅝; do '62, 108@108½; do '64, 105¾@106⅜; do '65, 105¼@105⅝; do new, 106@106⅜; do '67, 105⅝@106⅛; Ten Forties, 101⅛@101⅜; Seven Thirties, 104⅛@104¾.

STOCKS.

Stocks opened firm, subsequently declined considerably and closed steady. Pacific Mail was the feature of the day, selling as low as 186. The statement of the affairs of the Company show assets to the extent of $22,500,000, as follows: Steamers, $4,500,000; Jerome stock, at 150 per cent, $4,000,000, and real estate and cash loans on the Panama Railroad stocks and bonds, $5,000,000. The assets are estimated at their cost, excepts steamers, which are put down below their cost. Ohio Certificates 29½@29⅝; Canton 50@50½; Cumberland 27@28; Quicksilver 29¾@29¾; Mariposa 7¾@7¾; Western Union 33¾; Pacific Mail 186@186¼; Atlantic Mail 119@119½; New York Central 117⅜@117⅝; Erie 72¾@73⅛; Hudson 151¾@152; Reading 97@97⅛; Mich. S. 90¼@90⅝; Mich. N. 85¼@85½; Illinois Central 120@120⅜; Pittsburgh 87¼@87½; Toledo 99¾@99⅝; R. I. 99¾@99¾; Northwestern 59¾; do preferred 70¼@70¾; Ft. Wayne 90@90¾; St. Paul 47; do preferred 65; Wabash 42¾; Columbus 97¾; Adams Ex. 58; Merchants Ex. 30½; Wells Ex. 43; American 78; United States 70, Missouris 97¾; Old Tennessees 65¾; New do 63.

MINING SHARES.

Mining shares heavy and lower; Smith & Perkins, 285; Gregory, 300@310; Corydon, 26; Davidson, 52.

SUB-TREASURY.

The receipts at the sub-Treasury to-day were $4,202,630; payments, $3,371,884; balance, $109,001,342.

New York Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, December 23.—Receipts for the week—3,931 beeves, 29,70 sheep and lambs, 20,311 hogs. Beeves market dull and prices of all but choicest grades are 50 lower, with a large number of poor stock on sale; Christmas cattle sold as high as 21c, but there are few of such on sale; market dull and very slack; poor to medium cattle 9@16c, medium fair and good 16@18c, good steers and fat oxen 13½@16c, prime to extra steers 15@17c; majority of the sales at 14@16c and average price 15c. Sheep and Lambs, the demand for good stock is quite fair, while poor stock continues neglected; the best sheep sold as high as 7c, with a few Christmas sheep at 10@12c; to-day the market was very dull, and about one-half of the prime stock was in fair request at very full figures, some very choice sheep selling as high as 8c; we quote 4½@5c for common to fair, 6@6½c for good to prime, 7@8c for extra sheep, and 5½@8c for lambs. The market opened firm with a free demand and prices showed a slight improvement, but a decline in fresh arrivals caused a weaker market opened firm with a free demand and prices showed a slight improvement, but a decline in fresh arrivals caused a weaker market and closes to-day very dull and heavy with unward of 30 cars on sale; prime heavy cattle 12½@13c, medium 9½@10½c, common $6,40@6,60, dressed $8,50.

Cleveland Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, December 22.—Flour is unchanged and dull. Wheat is dull for fall and interior trade, but there is no specific tive feeling; double extra red, 2,40@2,45; prime white extra, 2,50@2,55; double extra red, and double extra white $2,50@2,60. Buckwheat Flour is a great rejection; $4,50@4,75. Corn is firm; is steady at $2@2,50. Wheat quiet and in light demand; No. 1 red winter, by car lots, held 1,05, cash and January; No. 2 do do, not solicited. Oats firm and in fair request at 68c for No. 1 State from store. Rye very little offering and held at $1,30 for No. 1. Barley scarce and very firm at $1,70@1,75 for No. 1, $1,50@1,60 for No. 2. Provisions in fair demand for the local and western trade, at 40 @42c for free, 20@21c for bonded.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, December 23.—Sales of 45 hhds Tobacco, lugs at $4,50@6; medium leaf at $7,50@8,50; fancy at $9,75@10,50; common at $4. Flour is dull and heavy at $6,25@6,50 for family, $7,75@8,50 for fancy. Wheat at $2,20@2,25 for red, $2,75@2,80 for white. Corn dull and declining; middling 72c; sales of 2,000 bushels. Oats firm at 65@66c. Provisions dull and nominal. Mess Pork at $21,50. Lard at 12½@13c. Bacon, shoulders 10½c; clear sides 14c. Whiskey firm at 92c for Rio Coffee at 20@22c. Prime New Orleans Sugar at 11@12c. Plantation Molasses at 86@90c. Raw Whiskey in bond at 30@32c.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 23.—Cotton declined ¼@½c; middling 14¼@14½c; sales of 3,000 bales; receipts 2,000 bales. Sugar firm; common 9¾@10c; prime New Orleans 13@13½c; sales of 1,000 hhds at 10@13c. Molasses dull; superfine $9,50; treble extra $11,50; choice $12,50@14,50. Corn quiet at $1,00@1,10. Oats quiet at 72@75c. Bran dull; shorts 90c; shoulders 10½; clear sides 15c. Sterling 42@45, and nominal. New York Exchange ½ discount. Gold 132.

Milwaukee Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 23.—Flour dull; city double extra $9,00@9,50; country do $8,50@9,00; extra family $7,50@8,00; do fancy $7,00@7,50; No. 1, $6,00 for No. 2. Oats dull, at 45@50c for No. 2. Corn worth 70c for No. 2 in shelled. Provisions nominal and unchanged. Dressed hogs active, at $7,25@8,00. Live do, $5,75@6,75. Whiskey firm at 14,500 bu wheat, 11,500 bu oats; 1,500 bu corn. Shipments—400 bbls flour.

Toledo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, Dec. 23.—Flour quiet. Wheat is quiet and firm. Corn, old is quiet; new is 20 better; sales of new at 95@96c per bu; receipts 6,000 bu. Oats firm for fresh; sales at 80@82c. Oats are unchanged; sales at 62c per bu. for No. 1. Rye is quiet and firm. Barley is quiet. Provisions—Hogs are held at 7¼@8c with 7 and 8c bid.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 23.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firmer; sales 3,000 bu red at $2,30@2,35; amber $2,40@2,45. Corn steady; sales of new at 95@96c per bu; old 1,00@1,05. Oats are unchanged; sales at 80@82c per bu. Rye steady, at $1,75@1,78. Corn scarce; mixed western $1,00@1,05. Oats steady, at 75@80c. Groceries unchanged.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, December 23.—Flour is quiet and unchanged. Wheat scarce and dull; sales of 1,000 bushels; Southern red $2,60@2,70 for prime to choice. Corn active and very firm; sales of 500 bushels at 98c for white. Rye scarce. Provisions nominally unchanged.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, December 23.—Small sales only in the market. Spring wheat held at $2,10@ $2,11.00 for spring. Wheat, car lots, at $2,10 for No. 1 spring. Corn $1,15 for new western. Mess Pork, $21,00. Lard, 13c. Rye, $1,60. Wines entirely nominal.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R., December 21—7 cars pig iron, Bryan & Caughey; 1 do do, Graff, Bowman & Co; 2 cars flour, Shoenberger & Blair; 200 pigs lead, T. H. Nevin & Co; 30 hay candles, J. C. Dilworth & Co; 450 bbls whiskey, Jos. Mayer & Co; 2 cars flour, J. Dunlap; 5 bbls nuts, 8 kegs cheese, E. Heinle & Co; 2 do flour, Wm. Lambert & Co; 50 do do, W. H. Gormley; 25 do do, J. H. Lippincott; 2 cars corn, Quickenheimer & Bro; 18 sks rye, D. Wallace; 2 cars flour, Wm. Lambert & Co; 50 bbls